2nd part of the content taken from Ameer-e-Ahl-us-Sunnah's قنتُ يَرْكَتُهُمُ الْسَالِيهِ book, '130 Parables of Devotees of Rasool'



THE BLESSED Soil of Madinah

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خاک مدینہ کی برکتیں

Khaak-e-Madinah ki barkatayn

The Blessed Soil of Madinah

THIS booklet was written by Shaykh-e-Tareeqah, Ameer-e-Ahl-e-Sunnah, the founder of Dawat-e-Islami 'Allamah Maulana Abu Bilal Muhammad Ilyas Attar Qadiri Razavi المنت in Urdu. **Translation Department** (Dawat-e-Islami) has translated it into English. If you find any mistake in the translation or composing, please inform the Translation Department on the following postal or email address with the intention of earning reward.

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The English translation of 'Khaak-e-Madinah ki barkatayn'

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ٱلْحَمُّ لَلِّهِ دَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ وَالصَّلُوةُ وَالسَّلَامُ عَلَى سَيِّدِالْمُ تَسَلِيْنَ اَمَّابَعُدُ فَاَعُوْذُبِاللَّهِ مِنَ الشَّيُطْنِ الرَّجِيْمِ بِسُمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْلنِ الرَّحِيْمِ

Du'a for Reading the Book

Read the following Du'a (supplication) before you study a religious book or an Islamic lesson, you will remember whatever you study, النُسَاتِالله.

ٱللَّهُمَّ افْتَحْ عَلَيْنَا حِكْمَتَكَ وَانْشُرْ عَلَيْنَا رَحْمَتَكَ يَا ذَا الْجَلَالِ وَالْإِكْرَام Iranslation

O Allah اعَدَوَعَلَ Open the door of knowledge and wisdom for us, and have mercy on us! O the One Who is the Most Honourable and Glorious! (*Al-Mustatraf, vol. 1, pp. 40*)

Note:

Recite Salat upon the Holy Prophet 🕮 once before and after the Du'a.

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ٱلْحَمُّ لَلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعُلَبِيْنَ وَالصَّلُوةُ وَالسَّلَامُ عَلَى سَيِّ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ آمَّابَعْ لُ فَاَعُوْدُ بِاللَّهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطُنِ الرَّجِيْمِ لِسُمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ

2nd part of the content taken from Ameer-e-Ahl-e-Sunnat's book, '130 Parables of Devotees of Rasool'

The Blessed Soil of Madinah

This content has been taken from page no. 36 to page no. 47 of the book '130 Parables of the Devotees of Rasool'.

Du'a of Attar

O Lord of Mustafa! Whosoever reads or listens to 17 pages of (the booklet) 'The Blessed Soil of Madinah', grant him immense love for every particle of the soil of Madinah, grant him death with faith and wellbeing on the soil of Madinah, and bless him with burial in the soil of Madinah.

صَلُّوْا عَلَى الْحَبِيْبِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّد

The excellence of Salat upon the Prophet

It is stated by the Noble Prophet صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيَهِ وَاللَّهِ وَسَلَّم, 'Whosoever recites Salat upon me once, Allah عَزَوَجَلَ sends ten mercies upon him.' (*Muslim, p. 216, Hadees 408*)



The Azan of Bilal

Dear Islamic brothers! When one mentions the name of the unmatched devotee of the Noble Messenger, Sayyiduna Bilal مونى الله عنه, the thought of a true embodiment of Prophetic love immediately springs to mind. After Sayyiduna Bilal مونى الله عنه embraced Islam and was freed from slavery, he spent the beautiful days of his life serving the Noble Prophet معنى الله عليه والله وسلم. However, after the apparent passing of the Beloved and Blessed Prophet معنى الله عليه والله عنه could not bear the grief of separation from him and so he migrated from Madinah Munawwarah داريما الله عنه to the town of 'Daarayya in Syria.

After some time had passed, one night, Sayyiduna Bilal مَحْيَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْ وَالَهُ مَا لَهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَعَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ مَا لَكُهُ عَلَيْ واللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهُ مَعْتَلُهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَعَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَعَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَعَلَيْهُ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَالَهُ مَا لَهُ عَلَيْ مَاللَهُ ع

i.e. 'O Bilal! Why this distance?! Has the time not yet come for you to present yourself to see me?' As soon as the unparalleled devotee of the Noble Prophet مَتْى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ مَنْ أَنْ لَكُونَا لَيْهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ مَنْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ مَنْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ وَعَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَهُ عَلَيْ وَالْحُولُولُولُولُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَالْحُولُولُولُولُ وَاللَّهُ وَال

with its enlightened and pleasantly peaceful atmosphere. He then eagerly presented himself at the blessed shrine of the Beloved Prophet صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَنْهُ وَاللَّهِ وَسَلَّم Overwhelmed, he صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَنْهُ وَالله وسَلَّم burst into tears and began placing his face on the blessed soil of the sacred shrine. Hearing the news of the arrival of Savyiduna Bilal تبغى الله عنه, the dear grandsons of the Beloved Prophet مَتَلَى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّمَ , Sayyiduna Hasanayn Karimayn (i.e. Sayyiduna Hasan and Sayyiduna Husayn) منبى الله عنهما also arrived. Sayviduna Bilal مَضِي اللَّهُ عَنَّهُ embraced them straightaway and displayed affection for them. They insisted, 'O Bilal! Once again recite for us the Azan that you used to give during the apparent life of our beloved grandfather صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم How could he refuse now! Hence, Sayyiduna Bilal رضى الله عنه went to عَلَى صَحِبِهَا الصَّلُوةُ وَالسَّلام the part of the roof of Masjid Nabawi Shareef where he مَعْنَ اللَّهُ عَنَّهُ used to call the Azan during the apparent life of the Holy Prophet صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم When Sayyiduna Bilal began the Azan saying 'ٱللَّهُ ٱكْبَر ٱللَّهُ ٱكْبَر أَللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ began the Azan saying رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ commotion in Madinah Munawwarah دادها الله شَرَفًا وتَعْظِيمًا and the people became restless.

As he سَخِي اللهُ عَنهُ مَن أَن لَا اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ عنه said the words 'سَخَي اللهُ عَنهُ , people started crying everywhere. When he said the words 'سَمَوْلُ اللهُ) people began anxiously asking each other, 'Has the Noble Prophet مَنَى اللهُ عَلَيهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم come out of his blessed shrine?' After the apparent passing of the Holy Prophet راحما اللهُ عَلَيهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم the people of Madinah Munawwarah (وَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم اللهُ عَلَيهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ مَلْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ مُعَلَيْهُ مَلْهُ عَلَيْهُ مَلْهُ عَلَيْهُ مَلْهُ عَلَيْهُ مُواللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ مُواللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ مُواللهُ عَلَيْهُ مُواللهُ عُواللهُ مُواللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ مُوالهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْ وَاللهُ أَلْهُ عَلَيْ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ مُواللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْ لُهُ عَلَيْ

as much as they did that day. After this incident, the unmatched devotee of the Noble Prophet مِتْنَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ مِتَنَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ (sonce every year and call the Azan. He مَعْنَ اللَّهُ عَنْوَا اللَّهُ عَنْهُ followed this routine every year until he passed away. (Tareekh Dimashq, vol. 7, p. 137; Fatawa Razawiyyah, vol. 10, p. 720, summarised)

Jah-o-jalal do na hi maal-o-manal do Sawz-e-Bilal bas mayri jhauli mayn dal do (Wasail-e-Bakhshish, p. 290)

صَلُّوا عَلَى الْحَبِيْبِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّد

Incurable patient of Gharnaatah (Granada)

Abu Muhammad Ishbeeli مَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْه mentions that once, in Gharnaatah, he stayed at the home of a person suffering from a disease which had been declared incurable by the doctors. Ibn Abi Khisal a servant of that ill person made a plea in writing in the blessed court of the Holy Prophet مَنَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ مَنْ قَاتَرَ مَعْلَ he mentioned the disease of his master and requested that he be blessed with cure. Abu Muhammad states, 'A person from Gharnaatah presented himself in Madinah Munawwarah classified with the written plea. As soon as he read out this letter in the blessed court of the Beloved Prophet صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم, the ill person was cured in Gharnaatah.' (Wafaul-Wafa, vol. 2, p. 1387, summarised)

Faqat amraaz-e-jismani ki hi karta nahin faryad Gunahaun kay maraz say bhi shifa do Ya Rasoolallah (Wasail-e-Bakhshish, p. 551)

صَلُّوا عَلَى الْحَبِيْبِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَى فُحَمَّد

A remarkable individual serving Zamzam

Shaykh Abu Ibrahim Warrad مَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْه states: I was once blessed to perform Hajj and visit Madinah. Due to not having enough provisions, the group resumed the journey leaving me behind alone in Madinah Munawwarah (دَادَهَا اللَّهُ شَرَقًا وَ تَعْطِيْهَا I presented myself in the blessed court of the Holy Prophet صَلَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهٖ وَسَلَّه and pleaded, 'O Messenger of Allah صَلَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهٖ وَسَلَّه When I went to sleep, I was honoured to see the Noble Prophet مَلَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّه Makkah Mukarramah where a person will be at the well of Zamzam, drawing water from it and serving people with it. Say to him, 'The Messenger of Allah (صَلَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّه) has commanded to take me to my home.'

Carrying out the order, I reached Makkah Mukarramah دارها الله شرقا وَتَعْطِيها and went to the blessed well of Zamzam where a person was drawing water. Before I could say anything, he said, 'Wait; let me serve people with water first.' By the time he

had finished serving the water, night had fallen. He said, 'Perform the Tawaf of the Holy Ka'bah first and then come with me to the high-lying area of Makkah Mukarramah زادَهَا اللَّهُ شَرَفًا وَ تَعْظِيمًا .' Therefore, after being honoured with Tawaf, I started walking with him taking each and every step with him. As the morning drew near, I found myself in a valley where there were a lot of dense trees and water-springs. I thought to myself that it looked like my own valley, Shafshaawah. When the day dawned, I looked carefully and realised that it actually was the Shafshaawah valley. I happily reached my home and related the whole story to my family members, describing how astonishingly I reached home. All of them were filled with amazement. People asked me about my group I told them that they had departed for the homeland leaving me behind alone in Madinah Munawwarah considering me to be a destitute person. Some زادَهَا اللَّهُ شَرَفًا وَتَعْظِيمًا of the people believed me while others did not.

A few months later, my group arrived and people became aware of the real situation. الكعنان لله: Everyone then believed me. (Shawahid-ul-Haq, p. 229) (As people used to travel by camels, mules etc. in the past, the group most likely reached after a few months for this very reason.)

May Allah عَدَّدَجَلَّ have mercy on him and forgive us without any accountability for his sake!

امِين بجاب النَّبِيّ الأَمِين صلَّى الله عليه والموسلَّم

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Tinka bhi hamaray to hilaye nahin hilta Tum chaaho to ho jaye abhi koh-e-mihan phool (Hadaiq-e-Bakhshish)

صَلُّوا عَلَى الْحَبِيْبِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّد

Three rupees to Madinah... Three rupees to Multan

A long time ago, someone told me (the author) this account which I will try to mention here from memory. A group of Hajj-pilgrims departed from the city of Saints, Multan (Pakistan) to Madinah Munawwarah (عذائة تَعَزيدَا اللهُ شَرَقًا ذَ تَعَظِيدَا اللهُ عَدَرَقًا اللهُ عَدَرَقًا اللهُ عَدَرَقًا عَدَا اللهُ عَدَرَقًا وَ تَعَظِيدَا اللهُ عَدَرَقًا وَ تَعَظِيدًا اللهُ عَدَرَقًا وَ تَعَظِيدًا اللهُ عَدَرَقًا وَ تَعَظِيدًا اللهُ عَدَرًا اللهُ عَدَرًا اللهُ عَدَرَقًا وَ تَعَظِيدًا اللهُ عَدَرَقًا وَ تَعَظِيدُوا اللهُ عَدَرَقًا وَ تَعَظِيدُهُ اللهُ عَدَرَقًا وَ تَعْظِيدُهُ اللهُ عَدَرَقًا وَ تَعْظِيدُهُ اللهُ عَدَرَقًا اللهُ عَدَرًا اللهُ عَدَمَا اللهُ عَدَالهُ عَدَرًا اللهُ عَدَالهُ عَدَرًا اللهُ عَدَرًا اللهُ عَدَرًا اللهُ عَدَمَا عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَرًا عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا إِنَّا عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا إِنَّا عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا إِنْ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا إِنَّا عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا إِنَّا عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا إِنَا عُذَا عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا إِنَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا إِنَا عُذَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا مُوا مُعَالَ مُوا مُعَا إِنَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا مَا عَدَا عَدَا إَنَا اللهُ عَدَا اللهُ عَدَا إَنا عَدَا اله

Reading this, the devotee became restless. He cried a great deal, then started walking whilst saying, 'I will also get a letter of forgiveness from my Beloved Master حَسَّلَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم.' He stumbled his way to a road and found a bus standing there.

The conductor shouted out, 'Three rupees to Madinah! Three rupees to Madinah!' The devotee rushed and got on to the bus. He paid three rupees to the conductor and the bus began to move. After a little while, the conductor shouted out, 'We have reached Madinah! We have reached Madinah!' The devotee got off the bus. السُبُحْنَ اللُّه He was truly in Madinah and was delighted at the sight of the blessed Green Dome. He moved forward eagerly and entered Masjid Nabawi Shareef Presenting himself in front of the Golden . على صحيها الصَّلوة وَالسَّلام Grilles, he stood in front of them and burst into a flood of tears. After saying Salaam, he humbly made a plea for a letter of forgiveness with tearful eyes. All of a sudden, a piece of paper fell on to his chest. In a state of emotion, he read the paper upon which it was written, 'You have been forgiven.' Putting the paper into his pocket carefully, he came out happily. He saw the same bus with the conductor shouting out, 'Three rupees to Multan! Three rupees to Multan!' The devotee got on to the bus and paid three rupees. The bus began move. Shortly afterwards, the conductor shouted again, 'The bus has reached Multan! The bus has reached Multan!' The devotee got off the bus and went to the companions of his group.

Since all this happened within a few moments, all the Hajjis were still there. They were surprised to see the devotee with the letter. They now treated him with great respect. The Hajji who had made fun of the devotee cried uncontrollably and repented of his misdeed. He also apologised to the devotee, asking for his forgiveness. The Hajji then made the firm intention that, 'Unless I am granted the letter of forgiveness, I will perform Hajj and present myself in Madinah every year continuing to ask for the gift of the letter of forgiveness. I am highly hopeful that my Beloved and Merciful Master حَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم will not sinner.' The devotee was completely this disappoint overwhelmed and he passed away after a few days. The Hajji gained the honour of continuously visiting the Haramayn Sharifayn every year. (At the time of writing (8th Shawwal-ul-Mukarram, 1433 AH), almost 35 years have passed since I heard this account. I have no recent news about the Hajji.)

> Tamanna hay farmaiye rauz-e-Mahshar Yeh Tayri riha`ee ki chitthi mili hay (Hadaiq-e-Bakhshish Shareef)

صَلُّوا عَلَى الْحَبِيْبِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّد

Missing son found by the grace of the Holy Prophet

Shaykh Abul Qaasim Bin Yusuf Iskandaraani بَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيَهِ was staying in Madinah Munawwarah (دَارَهَا اللَّهُ شَرَفًا وَتَعَظِيمًا, when I saw a devotee of the Prophet who was pleading with the Noble

Messenger حَمَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ وَسَلَّم near the blessed shrine in the following words, 'O Messenger of Allah حَمَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ مَتَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَا مَعْ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَا مُعَلَيْ وَا مُعَالًا مُعَلَيْنُ مَا مَالَةُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَا عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَا عَلَيْ وَالَيْ وَالَيْ وَالَكُولَةُ وَالَيْعَالَةُ وَالَيْ وَالَيْ وَالَيْ وَالَيْ وَالَيْلُولُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالَيْعَالَةُ وَالَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَالَيْعَا مَعَالَيْ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالَعُ وَالَّا مَعَالَيْ وَاللَّ

After a few years, I [the narrator] came across the same person in Egypt and asked about his son, so he replied: المحمد لله found my son. A tribe forcefully enslaved him and made him herd their camels. A pious woman who was a devotee of the Prophet from the same tribe was graced with the vision of the Noble Prophet from the same tribe was graced with the vision of the Noble Prophet مَنَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم said to her, 'Get the Egyptian young man released and send him home.' Therefore, my son was freed by virtue of the intercession of the pious lady a devotee of the Prophet. (Shawahid-ul-Haq, p. 230, summarised)

May Allah عَوَمَعَلَ have mercy on him and forgive us without accountability for his sake!

امِين بِجَادِ النَّبِيِّ الأَمِين صلَّى الله عليه واله وسلَّم

الله Woh sun layn gay faryad ko pohanchayn gay Itna bhi to ho koi jo 'ah' karay dil say

(Hadaiq-e-Bakhshish)

صَلُّوْا عَلَى الْحَبِيْبِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّد

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Weakness removed by invoking the Beloved Prophet

Sayyiduna Abu 'Abdullah Muhammad Bin Saalim Sijilmaasi مَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيه تَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيهِ states: With the intention of visiting the blessed shrine of the Noble Prophet مَنَى اللَّهُ عَلَيهِ وَالهِ وَسَلَّم I joined a group travelling to Madinah on foot. During the journey, whenever I suffered from weakness, I would humbly say: أَنَا فِي ضِيَاقَتِكَ يَا سُوْلَ اللَّهُ i.e. O Messenger of Allah مَنَى اللَّهُ عَلَيهِ وَالهِ وَسَلَّم I am in your hospitality.' Hence, my weakness would finish straight away. (Shawahid-ul-Haq, p. 231)

May Allah عَدَوَجَلَ have mercy on him and forgive us without accountability for his sake!

امِين بِجالا النَّبِيّ الأمِين صلَّى الله عليه واله وسلَّم

Thaka mandah hay woh jo pa`oon apnay tor ker baytha Wohi pohncha huwa thehra jo pohncha ku`ay Janan mayn (Zauq-e-Na't)

صَلُّوا عَلَى الْحَبِيْبِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّد

Meeting death while beholding the Green Dome

Maulana Hafiz Baseerpuri has stated in his 'Safar Naamah Hajj': In 1972, I had the good fortune of spending the blessed month of Ramadan in Madinah Munawwarah (زارها الله شركا وتشطيما). It was most likely the second Friday of Ramadan, when a

¹¹ www.dawateislami.net

devotee of the Prophet insisted and brought his companions to Madinah Munawwarah ادارتها الله شرقا و تعظينها from Makkah Mukarramah ادارتها الله شرقا و تعظينها earlier than the scheduled time. As soon as he arrived, he was not concerned about his luggage at all. He humbly presented himself at the blessed court of the Beloved Master مَنَى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالهِ وَسَلَم. After saying Salaam, he offered two Rak'aat of Nafl Salah and exited from Bab-e-Jibra'eel. Turning around, he glimpsed at the blessed Green Dome and fainted, falling on to the ground. His mouth began to bleed and he passed away without writhing. (Anwaar-e-Qutb-e-Madinah, p. 62)

May Allah عَدَّدَجَلَ have mercy on him and forgive us without any accountability for his sake!

امِين بِجَابِ النَّبِيّ الأَمِين صلَّى الله عليه والموسلَّم

Kash! Gumbad-e-Khazra par nigah partay hi Kha kay ghash mayn gir jata phir tarap kay mar jata (Wasail-e-Bakhshish, p. 410)

صَلُّوا عَلَى الْحَبِيْبِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّد

Debt was paid off

The son of Sayyiduna Muhammad Bin Munkadir مرجحة الله عليه narrates that a Yemeni man handed over 80 dinars, i.e. gold coins, to my dear father and said, 'If you need, you can spend

them and give them back to me when I return.' He himself then went to participate in fighting in the path of Allah Almighty. After a period of time, severe famine and drought occurred in Madinah Munawwarah (زارها الله شرَدًا وَ تَعْطِيها. Hence, my dear father distributed those dinars among people. After a period of time, the man returned and sought his money. My respected father said, 'Please come tomorrow.'

My father spent that night staying in Masjid Nabawi Shareef. Sometimes, he would present himself at the blessed shrine of the Noble Prophet صَلَى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم wishing to be blessed with the merciful vision of the Merciful Prophet صَلَى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَاللهِ وَاللهِ and at times, he would engage himself in supplicating and pleading near the blessed Minbar (pulpit). He continued to do so until the light of the early dawn began to appear. Through the mist, a person offered a small bag to my father, saying, 'O Muhammad Bin Munkadir! Take this.' Stretching his hand, he مَحْدَةُ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ مَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ مَاللهُ مَاللهُ مَاللهُ مَاللهُ مَاللهُ مَاللهُ مَاللهُ مَاللهُ ماللهُ ماللهُ ماللهُ من اللهُ ماللهُ مالهُ ماللهُ مالهُ ماللهُ مالهُ ماللهُ ماللهُ ماللهُ مالهُ ماللهُ مالهُ ماللهُ مالهُ مالهُ ماللهُ

(Shawahid-ul-Haq, p. 227)

May Allah عَدَّوَجَلَ have mercy on him and forgive us without any accountability for his sake!

امِين بجَابِ النَّبِيّ الأَمِين صلَّى الله عليه والموسلَّم

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Her taraf Madinay mayn bheer hay faqeeraun ki Aik daynay wala hay kul jahan suwali hay

صَلُّوا عَلَى الْحَبِيْبِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّد

Turkish patient cured

In Madinah Munawwarah (داركما الله شَرَقَا وَتَعَطِيمًا, there was a person who was severely injured. It came to light that he was a Turkish resident and had got a disease; even after 15 years, his disease could not be cured in Turkey. Someone gave the suggestion that he should use the curing soil of Madinah Munawwarah دراركما الله شَرَقَا وَتَعَطِيمًا. The Turkish patient acted upon the advice. داركما الله شَرَقَا وَتَعَطِيمًا Fifty percent of the chronic disease was cured within a year. The Turk would relate his sad story with tearful eyes and would sing praises of the soil of Madinah. (Madina-tur-Rasool, p. 133, summarised)

Na ho aaram jis beemar ko saaray zamanay say Utha lay jaye thori khaak un kay aastanay say

(Zauq-e-Na't)

صَلُّوا عَلَى الْحَبِيْبِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّد

Dear Islamic brothers! Have you noticed? Undoubtedly, Allah عَزَّدَجَلَّ has placed cure in the soil of Madinah. If a person has firm belief, then he will not be disappointed, النُشَاءَاللَه.

> ¹⁴ www.dawateislami.net

الْحَمْدُ لِلْه. الْحَمْدُ لِلْه. الْحَمْدُ لِلْهُ شَرَقًا وَ تَعْطِيْهَا having cure within it is mentioned in the blessed Ahadees. In this regard, read three sayings of the Holy Prophet صَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالْهِ وَسَلَّمَ

- أَعْبَارُ الْمَدِينَةِ شِفَاءٌ مِنَ الْجُذَامِ The soil of Madinah cures leprosy. (Jaami' Sagheer, p. 355, Hadees 5753) 'Allamah Qastalani مَحْقُالله states: One of the unique features of Madinah Munawwarah (Arabic) is also that its blessed soil cures leprosy, leucoderma, and in fact every disease. (Al-Mawahib-ul-Ladunniyyah, vol. 3, p. 431)
- يُعْبَارُ الْمَبِيْنَةِ يُبْرِئُ الْجُنَامَ : The soil of Madinah cures leprosy. (Jaami' Sagheer, p. 355, Hadees 5754)
- ٤. وَالَّذِى نَفْسِيْ بِيَرِوْ إِنَّ فِي غُبَارِهَا شِفَاءً مِّنْ كُلِّ دَاءٍ
 By the One in Whose power my life is! Indeed, the soil of Madinah cures every disease. (Attargheeb Wattarheeb, vol. 2, p. 122, Hadees 1885)

Cure in the soil and fruits of Madinah

It is stated in the book '*Jazb-ul-Quloob*': Allah تَوَدَّحَا تَنَوَّحَا لَنْهُ شَرَقًا وَ تَعَطِيْمًا Lt has been mentioned in many blessed Ahadees that the soil of Madinah cures every disease. Some of the blessed Ahadees contain the words 'مِينَ الْجُنَامِ وَ الْبَرَص', i.e. cure from leprosy and leucoderma, whereas in some reports a specific place in

¹⁵ www.dawateislami.net

Madinah called مُعَيْب [Su'ayb] is mentioned (people call this place Khaak-e-Shifa i.e. the soil of cure).

It is stated in some narrations that the Noble Prophet مَتَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالله وَعَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَا

(Jazb-ul-Quloob, p. 27, summarised)

Year-long fever cured in a day

Sayyiduna Shaykh Majd-ud-Deen Fayrozabadi محقة الله states: A slave of mine had been suffering from fever for a whole year. I took the soil of Madinah (from the place of Su'ayb, i.e. Khaak-e-Shifa), dissolved it in water (in a small amount) and gave it to him to drink. التحمد إلى, he recovered from fever that very same day. (*Ibid*)

Cure of swelling through the curing soil

Shaykh-e-Muhaqqiq, 'Allamah Shaykh 'Abd-ul-Haq Muhaddis Dehlawi مَحْدَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْه اللَّهِ عَلَيْه Munawwarah رَاحَمَّا اللَّهُ شَرَقًا وَ تَعْطِيْمَاً, my foot swelled due to some disease. Doctors declared it a deadly disease and discontinued the treatment. I took the blessed soil (from the place called

Su'ayb) and started using it. المحمدة إلى with great ease, I was rid of the swelling just within a few days.' (*Ibid*)

The devotees of the Prophet know the place 'Su'ayb' as 'Khaake-Shifa.' Sadly, that sacred place has now been hidden. Sometimes, the devotees of the Prophet dig out the 'curing soil' but the administration gets it covered and closed up again with tar, etc.

> Madinay ki mitti zara si utha ker Piyo ghol ker har maraz ki dawa hay (Wasail-e-Bakhshish, p. 347)

صَلُّوْا عَلَى الْحَبِيْبِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَى مُحَمَّد

ٱلْحَمَدُ لِلَّهِ وَبِ الْعَلَيْنِ. وَالسَّنُوةُ وَالسَّلَامُ مَتَى سَبِّهِ الْمُرْسَلِينَ ٱلْابَعَدُ فَأَمَّوْذُ بِاللَّهِ مِن الشَّيْطَي الرَّجِئِيرِ * بِشهر اللَّهِ الرَّحْسَي الرَّجِيْهِ*

FOR BECOMING A PIOUS AND SALAH-OFFERING MUSLIM

Spend the whole night in the weekly Sunnah-Inspiring Ijtima' of Dawat-e-Islami held every Thursday after Salat-ul-Maghrib in your city, for the pleasure of Allah with good intentions. In order to learn Sunnahs, make it your routine to travel with a 3-day Madani Qafilah every month with the devotees of Rasool, to fill out the Madani In'amaat booklet every day practising Fikr-e-Madinah and to submit it to the relevant responsible Islamic brother of your locality on the first date of every Madani month.

My Madani Aim: 'I must strive to reform myself and people of the entire world, إن قا، الله مؤوجاتي.' In order to reform ourselves, we must act upon Madani In'amaat and to strive to reform people of the entire world, we must travel with Madani Qafilahs, إن قا، الله مؤوجاتي.



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