

# SEEKING LORGIVENESS ROM ALLAH



Translated into English by
Translation Department (Dawat-e-Islami)

MUHAMMAD

Attar Qaadiri Raza



فضائلِ استِغفار

Fazail-i-Istighfar

## Seeking Forgiveness from Allah

THIS booklet was written by Shaykh-e-Tareeqat, Ameer-e-Ahl-e-Sunnat, the founder of Dawat-e-Islami 'Allamah Maulana Abu Bilal Muhammad Ilyas Attar Qaadiri Razavi in Urdu. Translation Department (Dawat-e-Islami) has translated it into English. If you find any mistake in the translation or composing, please inform the Translation Department on the following postal or email address with the intention of earning reward.

#### Translation Department (Dawat-e-Islami)

Aalami Madani Markaz, Faizan-e-Madinah, Mahallah Saudagran, Purani Sabzi Mandi, Bab-ul-Madinah, Karachi, Pakistan

**UAN: ☎** +92-21-111-25-26-92 – Ext. 7213

Email: <u>translation@dawateislami.net</u>

#### An English translation of Fazail-i-Istighfar

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Aalami Madani Markaz, Faizan-e-Madinah Mahallah Saudagran, Purani Sabzi Mandi, Bab-ul-Madinah, Karachi, Pakistan

- 🕦 Email: global@maktabatulmadinah.com | feedback@maktabatulmadinah.com
- **D Phone:** +92-21-34921389-93
- Web: www.dawateislami.net | www.maktabatulmadinah.com

## ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ وَالصَّلُوةُ وَالسَّلَامُ عَلَى سَيِّدِ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ آمَّا بَعْدُ فَأَعُودُ بِاللَّهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطِنِ الرَّحِيْمِ مِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْلِنِ الرَّحِيْمِ

### Du'a for Reading the Book

ead the following *du'a* (supplication) before you study a religious book or an Islamic lesson, you will remember whatever you study, خالله عنائد:

### **Translation**

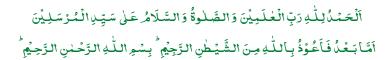
O Allah گَوْدَجُلُ Open the doors of knowledge and wisdom for us and have mercy on us! O the One Who is the Most Glorious and Honourable! (Al-Mustatraf, vol. 1, p. 40)

#### Note:

Recite salat upon the Prophet once before and after the du'a.

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#### Du'a of Attar:

O Lord of Mustafa! Whosoever reads or listens to the 28-page booklet 'Seeking Forgiveness from Allah', allow them to always remember You, purely seeking Your pleasure, and forgive them without accountability.

#### The excellence of salat upon the Prophet

The final Prophet of Allah صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ said, "Do not make me like the pot of a rider. He fills his pot with water, then places it, and then carries his belongings. Whenever he needs water, he drinks from the pot or performs wudu; otherwise, he throws it

away. Contrary to this, remember me in the beginning, middle, and end of your supplications.<sup>1</sup>



#### Five excellences of seeking forgiveness (istighfār)

#### 1. Cleansing the rust of the heart

As narrated by *Sayyidunā* Anas مَثِى اللهُ عَنْهُ, the final Prophet of Allah مِثِى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالهِ وَسَلَّم has said, "Without doubt, the heart can also gather rust, just as iron does. Seeking forgiveness (from Allah) is what cleanses it."<sup>2</sup>

#### 2. Salvation from worries

As narrated by <code>Sayyiduna</code> 'Abdullāh ibn 'Abbās 'Abbās', the final Prophet صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالهِ وَسَلَّم has stated, "Whoever makes seeking forgiveness mandatory upon himself, Allah عَدِّمَتِكُ will distance every worry from him, bless him with relief from every shortage, and grant him sustenance from a place he would never have imagined."

.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Majma' al-Zawaid, vol. 10, p. 239, Hadith 17256

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Majma' al-Zawaid, vol. 10, p. 346, Hadith 17575

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Ibn Maja, vol. 4, p. 257, Hadith 3819

#### 3. A pleasing book of deeds

Sayyidunā Zubayr ibn 'Awwām فَيْ اللهُ عَلَهُ relays that the Messenger of Allah صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالهِ وَسَلَّم once said, "Whoever would like for his book of deeds to please him, he should increase the amount of istighfar (seeking forgiveness from Allah) within it."

#### 4. Glad tidings

Sayyidunā 'Abdullāh ibn Busr مَنِى اللَّهُ عَنَهُ heard the final Prophet of Allah صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالهِ وَسَلَّم saying, "Glad tidings are for he who finds an abundance of *istighfār* in his book of deeds."<sup>5</sup>

5. Tidings of Paradise for those who recite Sayyid al-Istighfār Relayed on the authority of Sayyidunā Shaddād ibn Aws بَرْضِى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَلَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَ

Translation: O Allah المؤيداً! You are my Lord. There is none worthy of worship except You. You created me. I am Your bondsman. I adhere to Your covenant and promise to the best of my ability. I seek Your refuge from the evil that I have committed. I acknowledge Your

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Majma' al-Zawaid, vol. 10, p. 347, Hadith 17579

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Ibn Maja, vol. 4, p. 257, Hadith 3818

bounty bestowed upon me, and I confess my sins; forgive me, for there is no one except You who can forgive sins.

Whoever recites this with faith and conviction during the day, and then passes away that same day before the onset of evening, will enter Paradise. Whoever recites this with faith and conviction during the night, and then passes away that same night before the onset of morning, will enter Paradise."

#### Four excellences of Kalimaĥ Ţayyibaĥ

#### 1. Who is truly fortunate?

## 2. The greatest of all dhikr (remembrance of Allah) and *du'a* (supplication)

Sayyidunā Jābir مَضِى اللَّهُ عَنْهُ says, "I heard the final Prophet

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Bukhari, vol. 4, p. 190, Hadith 6306

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Bukhari, vol. 1, p. 53, Hadith 99

مَلَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ وَسَلَّم explaining, 'The greatest dhikr is مَلَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم and the greatest du'a is "''.'''<sup>8</sup>

#### 3. Opening of the doors of the sky

As narrated by *Sayyidunā* Abū Hurayrah مُوْى اللهُ عَنْهُ, the final Prophet مَنْ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم has stated, "Whoever says لَا لِلْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم with sincerity, the doors of the skies are opened to the extent that he (the reciter) reaches the '*Arsh*, provided he refrains from major sins."9

#### 4. Renewing faith (tajdīd al-īmān)

It is narrated by Sayyidunā Abū Hurayrah مَثِى اللهُ عَنْهُ that the Messenger of Allah صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالهِ وَسَلَّم said, "Renew your faith." It was asked, "O Messenger of Allah صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالهِ وَسَلَّم How can we renew our faith?" He replied, "Recite اللهُ أَلِّهُ اللهُ الله

### 'سُبُحٰنَ اللهِ وَبِحَبْدِهٖ' Three excellences of reciting

#### 1. Sins are erased

As conveyed by Sayyidunā Abū Hurayrah مُشِى اللَّهُ عَلَهُ , the final Prophet مَلْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم has said, "Whoever recites مُسُهُ حُنَّ اللَّهِ وَيِحَمُّهُ لِمَ

<sup>9</sup> Tirmizi, vol. 5, p. 340, Hadith 3601

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Ibn Maja, vol. 4, p. 248, Hadith 3800

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Musnad Iman Ahmad, vol. 3, p. 281, Hadith 8718

100 times, his sins are erased even if they are equivalent to the foam of the ocean."11

#### 2. The reward of donating a mountain of gold

Sayyidunā Abū Umāmah مِثْنَى اللّٰهُ عَنْهُ narrates that the final Prophet صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّٰهِ وَسَلَّم said, "Whoever finds it difficult to perform worship at night, is miserly in spending his wealth, or is afraid of performing jihad against the enemy, should recite 'مُسَمُّحُنُ اللهُ وَمِحَمُّدِهِ' in abundance. This is more liked by Allah عَدَّمَعَلَّ اللهُ وَمِحَمُّدِهِ ' than donating a mountain of gold in His path." 12

#### 3. Date tree in Paradise

Sayyidunā 'Abdullāh ibn 'Amr صفى الله عنه explains that the final Prophet مَثْنَ الله عَلَيْهِ وَالله وَسَلَّم once said, "Whoever recites 'سُبُحُنَ الله وَيِحَدُونِه', a date tree is planted for him in Paradise."<sup>13</sup>



'لَاحَوْلَ وَلَاقُوَّةَ الَّا بِاللهِ' Three Excellences of reciting

#### 1. A door of Paradise

Sayyidunā Mu'ādh ibn Jabal مِثِى اللّٰهُ عَنْهُ narrates that the Messenger of Allah صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّٰهِ وَسَلَّم has said, "Shall I not inform

11 mizi, voi. 3, p. 287, Hadith 3477

12 Majma' al-Zawaid, vol. 10, p. 112, Hadith 16876

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Tirmizi, vol. 5, p. 287, Hadith 3477

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Majma' al-Zawaid, vol. 10, p. 111, Hadith 16875

you of a door from the doors of Paradise?" When asked what this door was, he replied, "كَوُلُ وَلاَقُوْقَا إِلَّا بِاللهِ" "<sup>14</sup>

#### 2. Cure for 99 ailments

On the authority of Sayyidunā Abū Hurayrah مَرْضَ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّٰهِ مَلْهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّٰهِ وَسَلَّم was reported to have said, "For the person who recited 'مَرْفَ وَكُونُونُ وَلَا يُولِلُونُ وَلَا يُؤِلُونُ وَلَا يُؤِلُونُ وَلَا يُؤَوِّلُ وِاللّٰهِ أَنْ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّٰهِ وَسَلَّم the Messenger of Allah مَنْ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّٰهِ وَسَلَّم was reported to have said, "For the person who recited 'مِنْ وَلَا يُولِلُونُ وَلَا يُؤِلُونُ وَلَا يُؤِلُونُ وَلَا يُولِلُونُ وَلَا يُولِلُونُ وَلَا يُولِلُونُ وَلَا يَعْمُ لِللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّٰهِ وَاللّٰهُ وَاللّٰهِ وَاللّٰهِ وَاللّٰهِ وَاللّٰهِ وَاللّٰهِ وَاللّٰهِ وَاللّٰهُ وَلّٰ اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰهُ وَاللّٰهُ وَاللّٰهُ وَالل

#### 3. How to protect your bounties

Sayyidunā 'Uqbah ibn 'Āmir مَشِى اللهُ عَنهُ narrates that the final Prophet مَثِّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالهِ وَسَلَّم has said, "Whoever has been granted a bounty by Allah عَزْمَجَلَّ and wishes to preserve it should recite 'لاحَوُل وَلاَتُوَقِّرًا إِلَّا بِاللهِ' in abundance."

#### Three invocations to be recited when waking up

As narrated by Sayyidunā 'Ubādah ibn Ṣāmit مَرْضَى اللَّهُ عَنْهُ, the final Prophet صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالهِ وَسَلَّم has said, "Upon awakening, whoever recites:



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Majma' al-Zawaid, vol. 10, p. 118, Hadith 16897

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Attargheeb Wattarheeb, vol. 2, p. 285, Hadith 2448

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Mu'jam Kabeer, vol. 17, p. 311, Hadith 859

Translation: There is none worthy of worship except Allah المحتوفة. He is Alone. He has no associate. Sovereignty is for Him, and all praise is for Him. He has power over everything. Allah المحتوفة is Pure (from all shortcomings), and all praise is for Allah المحتوفة. There is none worthy of worship except Allah المحتوفة and Allah المحتوفة is the Greatest, and the capability to refrain from sins and the ability to do good comes only from Allah المحتوفة.

and then recites 'النَّهُمُّ اغْنُونُ', or makes any *du'a*, it will be accepted. If he performs wudu and offers salah thereafter, his salah will be accepted."<sup>17</sup>

As narrated by Sayyidunā 'Abdullāh ibn 'Amr مَرْضَى اللّٰهُ عَنْهُ , the Messenger of Allah صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم said, "When waking up, whoever recites

Translation: Allah's name I begin with. Allah عَنْوَعَلَ is Pure (from all shortcomings). I believe in Allah عَزْوَعَلَ , and I disbelieve in idols and Shayṭān.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Bukhari, vol. 1, p. 391, Hadith 1154

ten times, he will be saved from every sin that he is afraid of, and no sin will be able to approach him." <sup>18</sup>

Translation: All praise is for Allah نعتما who has bestowed us life (wakefulness) after death (sleep), and we are to return to Him.<sup>19</sup>

#### Five invocations for morning and evening

1. Sayyidunā Abū Hurayrah مَثِى اللَّهُ عَنهُ explains that a person once presented himself in the court of the final Prophet صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم and said, "O Messenger of Allah صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم I have never seen a scorpion like the one that stung me last night." In reply, the illustrious Messenger صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم said, "Why did you not recite"

**Translation:** I seek refuge with the absolute and perfect words of Allah عَدْمَا from the harm of the creatures [here creatures refers to those which are capable of harming].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Majma' al-Zawaid, vol. 10, p. 174, Hadith 17060

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Bukhari, vol. 1, p. 192, Hadith 6312

in the evening? (After reciting this) The scorpion would not have caused you any harm."<sup>20</sup>

2. Sayyidunā Abān ibn 'Uthmān عَنِى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ وَسَلَّم reports that the final Prophet صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم has stated, "Whoever recites this three times in the morning and evening, nothing will be able to harm him:

Translation: Allah's عَدَّهَا name I begin with, by virtue of Whose Name nothing in the earth or sky can cause harm, and He عَدْمَهَا the All-Hearing and All-Knowing.<sup>21</sup>

3. As narrated by Sayyidunā Abū Hurayrah مَرْضَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَلِمُ وَاللهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّ

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Ibn Hibaan, vol. 2, p. 180, Hadith 1016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Tirmizi, vol. 5, p. 251, Hadith 3399

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Muslim, p. 1445, Hadith 2692

4. Sayyidunā Abū Dardā مُثِى اللّٰهُ عَنْهُ has said, "Whoever recites:

Translation: Allah نَوْمَا is sufficient for me. There is none worthy of worship except Him. I have put my trust in Him. He is the Lord of the Great Throne.

Allah عَزَّوَجَلَّ will suffice for him in all of his worries."23

5. Sayyidunā Munaydhir مَخِيَ اللّٰهُ عَنْهُ narrates, "I heard the Messenger of Allah صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَنْهُ saying, 'Whoever recites:

Translation: I am pleased with Allah عَذَوْجَلَّ as the Creator, with Islam as the religion, and with Sayyidunā Muhammad as the Prophet.

in the morning, I assure him that I will take him by the hand and make him enter Paradise."<sup>24</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Abu Dawud, vol. 4, p. 416, Hadith 5081

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Majma' al-Zawaid, vol. 10, p. 157, Hadith 17005

## Three excellences of declaring the Oneness of Allah (*Kalimah Tawhid*)

1. As narrated by Sayyidunā Abū Umāmah مِثِى اللَّهُ عَنْهُ, the final Prophet صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ وَسَلَّم has said, "Whoever recites:

Translation: There is none worthy of worship but Allah عَنْوَعَلَ. He is Alone. He has no associate. Sovereignty is for Him, and all praise is for Him. He has power over everything.

no deed can surpass this statement, and no sin will remain with him (the reciter)." $^{25}$ 

2. Sayyidunā 'Amr ibn Shu'ayb مَوْى اللَّهُ عَلَهُ has reported from his grandfather, through his father, that the final Prophet صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ مَسَلَّمُ explained, "The most superior du'a is the du'a of 'Arafah, and the most superior declaration which I and the prophets عَلَيْهِ وَالسَّلَامِ preceding me have said is:<sup>26</sup>

3. Sayyidunā Barā ibn 'Āzib عَنْهُ عَنْهُ narrates that the Messenger of Allah صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّهِ وَسَلَّم has stated, "Whoever gave

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Majma' al-Zawaid, vol. 10, p. 94, Hadith 16824

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Tirmizi, vol. 5, p. 339, Hadith 3596

silver or milk as charity or informed a blind person of the path will be given reward similar to freeing one slave. Also, whoever recites:

will also earn reward similar to freeing one slave."27



#### Four invocations to ensure death with faith intact

A person came into the court of Imam Ahmad Raza Khan مَوْمَقُاللّٰهِ عَلَيْه seeking du'a to pass away with his faith intact. The great Imam مَحْقُاللّٰهِ عَلَيْه made du'a for him and advised him:

- 1. Recite الما كَا الله عَلَيْكُ اللهُ الله الله (O the Ever-Living! O the Ever-Lasting! There is none worthy of worship except You) 41 times in the morning (every day) with salat upon the Prophet before and after.
- 2. Having recited all of your invocations, recite Sūraĥ Kāfirūn before going to sleep every day. Do not converse with others thereafter. If a need arises that impels you to speak, recite

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Musnad Imam Aḥmad, vol. 6, p. 408, Hadith 18541

Sūraĥ Kāfirūn again in the end. اِنْ شَاءَاللّٰه You will pass away with your faith intact.

3. Consistently recite this  $du'\bar{a}$  three times in the morning and evening:

Translation: O Allah نعظها We seek Your refuge from associating anything with You knowingly, and we do istighfar for that which we are unaware.<sup>28</sup>

4.

## بِسْمِ اللهِ عَلَى دِيْنِي بِسْمِ اللهِ عَلَى نَفْسِي وَ وُلْدِي وَ اَهْلِي وَ مَالِي

**Translation:** By virtue of the name of Allah عند , may my faith, life, children, dependents and wealth all be protected!

Recite this three times in the morning and evening. Your faith, life, wealth and children will all remain secured.<sup>29</sup>

(The time from sunset to true dawn is classified as night by shariah. In the same way, the time spanning from midnight to the glimmering of the first ray of the sun is classified as morning).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup>Musnad Imam Ahmad, vol. 7, p. 146, Hadith 19625, Malfuzaat e Ala Hazrat, p. 311

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Shajarah Qadiriyyah Razawiyyah, p. 12

#### Forgiveness of sins

The sins of whoever recites this invocation are forgiven, even if they are equivalent to the foam of the ocean.<sup>30</sup>

#### Earn 40 million virtues

Sayyidunā Tamīm al-Dārī مِنِى اللّٰهُ عَنهُ narrates that the final Prophet مِنْيَ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ دَاللّٰهِ مَسَلِّم has stated, "Whoever says these words 10 times, 40 million virtues are recorded for him."

#### An invocation that protects one from Satan

As reported by *Sayyidunā* Abū Hurayrah مُعْى اللهُ عَنْهُ, the final Prophet صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالْهِ وَسَلَّم has said, "Whoever says these words 100 times in the day, this act of his is equivalent to freeing 10 slaves.

<sup>30</sup> Musnad Ima Ahmad, vol. 2, p. 662, Hadith 6977

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Tirmizi, vol. 5, p. 289,Hdith 3484

One hundred virtues will be written in his book of deeds, 100 of his sins will be forgiven, and these words will protect him from Satan for that day until the evening. No one will come forth with a better action than his, except the one who has performed this action more than him."<sup>32</sup>

#### An effective way to prevent backbiting

In a statement attributed to 'Allāmah Majd al-Dīn Fīrauzābādī مَتْحَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ, "Whenever you sit in any gathering (i.e. amongst people), recite:

Allah عَدَّوَعَلَّ will then appoint an angel to prevent you from backbiting. And whenever you get up to leave the gathering, recite بِيسِّم اللهِ الرَّحِيْمِ وَصَلَّى اللهُ عَلَى مُحَتَّى again; the angel will then prevent other people from backbiting you."33

#### Five Madani pearls

Sayyidunā 'Abdullāh ibn 'Amr ibn al-'Āṣ عُنِى اللَّهُ عَنْهُ elucidates, "There are five certain habits, that if adopted, will cause a person to become virtuous in this worldly life and in the Hereafter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Bukhari, vol. 2, p. 402, Hadith 3293

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Al-Oaul-ul-Badi', p. 278

- 1. كَالِكُ عَالَّاللَّهُ مُحَبَّدٌ ثُرَّسُولُ اللهِ; Reciting this from time to time.
- 2. Whenever becoming involved in any calamity (illness, suffering a loss, or upon hearing worrying news), reciting دَحُوْلَ وَلاَ قُوْقًا إِلَّا إِللَّهِ الْعَلِيَّا الْعَظِيِّمِ and التَّالِيُّهِ وَإِضَّا آلِكُيْهِ وَاجْعُوْنَ and لِنَّا الْعَظِيِّمِ الْعَظِيِّمِ عَلَى الْعَظِيِّمِ عَلَى الْعَظِيِّمِ عَلَى الْعَظِيْمِ عَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعَظِيْمِ عَلَيْمِ عَلَى الْعَظِيْمِ عَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعَظِيْمِ عَلَى الْعَظِيْمِ عَلَى الْعَظِيْمِ عَلَى الْعَظِيْمِ عَلَى الْعَظِيْمِ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى عَلَى الْعَلَى عَلَى الْعَلَى عَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلِي عَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعِلْمِ عَلَى الْعَلَ
- 3. Whenever receiving a bounty, reciting الْحَيْدُونِ الْعُلَىدِينَ in order to pay gratitude.
- 4. Commencing any permissible action by reciting بِسُمِ اللهِ بِسُمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمُانِ الرَّحِمُ الرَّحْمُانِ الرَّحِمُ الرَّحْمُانِ الرَّحِمُ الرَّحْمُانِ الرَّحِمُ الرَّحْمُانِ الرَّحِمُ الرَّحْمُانِ الرَّحْمُةِ اللهِ المُعَالِمُ المُعَالِمُ اللهِ المُعَالِمُ اللهِ المُعَالِمُ اللهِ المُعَالِمُ اللهِ المُعَالِمُ اللهِ اللهِ المُعَالِمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِي
- 5. Whenever a sin is committed, to recite اَسْتَغْفِيُهُ اللّٰهُ الْعُطْلِيمَ وَٱلْتُوبُ اِلْيُهِ (I seek forgiveness from Allah, the Esteemed, and I repent to Him)."<sup>34</sup>

## Six ways to safeguard yourself from magic and calamities

The following six invocations are referred to as the 'six guards.' One who regularly recites these every night, or keeps them in written form with him, will remain secured from every fear, danger, magic, and every type of affliction فالمنافذ المنافذ الم

35 Iannati Zaiwar, p. 582

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> al-Munabbihat, p. 57

#### First Guard

بِسُمِاللهِ الرَّحْلِي الرَّحِيْمِ بِسُمِ اللهِ السَّمِيْعِ الْبَصِيْرِ الَّذِي لَيْسَ كَمِثْلِهِ شَيْعٌ وَّهُوَعَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءً وَلِيرُو Second Guard

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمُنِ الرَّحِيْمِ بِسْمِ اللهِ الْخَلَّاقِ الْعَلِيْمِ الَّذِي كَلَيْسَ كَمِثْلِهِ شَيْعٌ وَّهُو الْفَتَّا ُ الْعَلِيْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمُنِ الرَّحِيْمِ بِسْمِ اللهِ الْخَلَّةِ الْعَلِيْمِ الَّذِي كَلَيْسَ كَمِثْلِهِ شَيْعٌ وَّهُو الْفَتَّا ُ الْعَلِيْمِ اللهِ المَالِمُ اللهِ اللهِ المُلْمُلِي

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْلُنِ الرَّحِيْمِ بِسْمِ اللهِ السَّمِيْعِ الْبَصِيْرِ الَّذِي كَيْسَ كَمِثْلِهِ شَيْعٌ وَهُوَ الْعَلِيْمُ الْبَصِيْرُ

Fourth Guard

بِسُمِاللّٰهِ الرَّحْلِنِ الرَّحِيْمِ بِسُمِ اللّٰهِ السَّمِيْحِ الْمَصِيْرِ الَّذِى كَيْسَ كَمِثُلِه شَيْعٌ وَّهُوَ الْغَنِيُّ الْقَدِيْرُ

Fifth Guard

بِسُمِاللّٰهِ الرَّحْمُنِ الرَّحِيْمِ بِسُمِ اللهِ السَّمِيْرِ الْبَصِيْرِ الَّذِي كَلَيْسَ كَمِثْلِهٖ شَيْئٌ قَهُوالْعَزِيُوالْغَفُورُ Sixth Guard

ۑؚۺۜۜڡۭٳڵڷۅڶڗۘٞڂڶڹۣٳڵڗۜۧڿؿۣؠڔؚۺؠٳڵڷؚۅٳڶڛۧؠؿٵڷؠٙڝؚؽ۫ڔٳڷۜڹؽ۬ڵؽۺػؠۺٛڸ؋ۺؽؿ۠ۊۿۅٳڷۼڹۣؽڗؙٳڷۼؘۿؙۊؙۯ ٳڷڂڮؽؗڞؙۼڶڵؿڂؽؿۯڰۼڟڴڰۿٷڵڎٷؽڒڰٵڣڟٲۊۿۅؘٲۯۘڂٵڶڒۧٳڿؠؽؙڽ

#### Invocations to be recited after salah

The lengthy invocations that have been narrated in Hadith for reciting after salah should be recited after the Sunnah prayers of Zuhr, Maghrib and 'Ishā. Before the Sunnah, offer a short *du'ā*, otherwise the reward of the Sunnah prayers will be reduced (due to delaying them).<sup>36</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Rad-dul-Muhtar, vol. 2, p. 300, Bahar-e-Shari'at, vol. 1, p. 539, part 3

Do not increase or decrease the number of any *du'a* or invocation if its respective amount has been prescribed and mentioned in Hadith. This is because the mentioned virtues of these invocations are related to the number specified. The effect of increasing or decreasing the number can be understood by the example of a lock which is opened by a key which has a specific number of teeth. If the teeth of the key are increased or decreased, it will not function and open the lock. Despite this, if any doubt occurs about the number that has been recited, one can recite more; this will be regarded as an attempt for completion and not as an increase.<sup>37</sup>

After completing the Sunnah and voluntary (*nafl*) prayers of the five daily salah, recite the invocations given below. These have been numbered for convenience, but it is not a condition to recite them in this particular order. Reciting *salat* upon the Prophet before and after every invocation brings additional blessings.

1. Whoever recites Āyat al-Kursī once [after every salah] will enter Paradise as soon as he dies.<sup>38</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Rad-dul-Muhtar, vol. 2, p. 302, Bahar-e-Shari'at, vol. 1, p. 539, part 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Mishkat-ul-Masabih, vol. 1, p. 197, Hadith 974

**Translation:** O Allah نتبتا help me to invoke Your dhikr (remembrance), pay gratitude and perform Your worship virtuously.

**Translation:** I seek forgiveness from Allah بنتجل, except Whom no one is worthy of worship. He is Ever-Alive. He is the Sustainer. I repent in His court.

Whoever recites this three times (after every salah), his sins will be forgiven even if he has fled from the battlefield of jihad.

Tasbīh Fāṭimah: شَيْعَانَالله 33 times, 33 times, and
 أَلْحَنْدُللهِ 33 times — this amounts to 99—and finally, recite

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Abu Dawood, vol. 2, p. 123, Hadith 1522

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Tirmizi, vol. 5, p. 336, Hadith 3588

### لآاِلهَ إِلَّا اللهُ وَحْدَهُ لاَ شَهِيْكَ لَهُ \* لَـهُ الْمُلْكُ وَلَـهُ الْحَمْدُ وَهُوَعَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرٌ

Translation: There is none worthy of worship but Allah بنوط. He is Alone. He has no associate. Sovereignty is for Him, and all praise is for Him. He has power over everything.

once to complete 100. The sins of the reciter of this will be forgiven, even if they are equal to the foam of the ocean.

5. After every salah, place the hand above the forehead and recite:

### بِسْمِ اللهِ الَّذِي كَا اللهَ اللَّه هُوَ الرَّحْلُ الرَّحِيْمُ اللَّهُمَّ اذْهِبْ عَنِي الْهَمَّ والْحُزْنَ

**Translation:** In the name of Allah بنتها, except Whom none is worthy of worship. He نختها is the most Affectionate, the Merciful. O Allah مائنها distance grief and sorrow from me.

(After reciting this, move the hand down onto the forehead.) Protection from every type of grief and worry will be obtained.

The Imam of the Ahl al-Sunnah, Imām Aḥmad Razā Khān المَّا المَّانَّةُ has added 'وَعَنُ ٱهْلِ السُّنَّةِ ' ('and from the Ahl al-Sunnah') in the above supplication.

6. After Fajr and 'Aṣr salah, recite the following 10 times without moving the feet, changing posture or speaking to anyone:

## ڵٳٙڶڡؘٳڷۜٵۺ۠ؗۏؘۘڂۘؗؗؽ؇ؘڵۺٙڔۣؽڬڶؘۮؙڶۮؙٲڶؠؙٛڶڬؙۏڶڎٲڶڂؠ۫ۮۑؚؽڔ؋ؚٲڶۼؘؽؗڒؽؙڂؚؠؽۏۘؽؠؚؽؾۘۅۿۅؘۘۘۼڶ ػؙڵۺٛؿؗۦۊٙۮؚؽٷ<sup>41</sup>

Translation: There is none worthy of worship except Allah نعنى. He is Alone. He has no associates. All Kingdom is for Him, and all praise is for Him. In His Power is [all] goodness. He gives life, and He gives death. He has power over everything.

- 7. Sayyidunā Anas مَنْ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ reports that the final Prophet مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَلِهِ وَسَلَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّهُ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّهُ وَاللهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّهُ وَاللهِ وَالل
- 8. Sayyidunā ibn 'Abbās مَثِى اللَّهُ عَنْهُمَا narrates that the Messenger of Allah مَثْلُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ asid, "Whoever recites تَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ وَلَا الللْمُعُلِّمُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّه

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Bahar-e-Shari'at, vol. 1, p. 539, part 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> **Translation:** Pure is He عَدْمَعَلَ the Magnificent Rabb and Praise is for Him. The capability to refrain from sins and the ability to do good comes from Allah عَدْمَعَلُ.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Majma' al-Zawaid, vol. 10, p. 129, Hadith 16928

<sup>44</sup> Tafseer Dar Mansur, para 30, Surah Al-Ikhlas, Ayat 1, vol. 8, p. 678

9. Sayyidunā Zayd ibn Arqam مِثِى اللَّهُ عَنْهُ narrates that the final Prophet صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالْهِ وَسَلَّم once said, "Whoever recites:



Purity is to your Lord, the Lord of Honour, from all what they falsely attribute (unto Him). And peace be upon the messengers. And all praise is due to Allah, Who is the Lord of all the worlds.<sup>45</sup>

three times after every salah, it is as if he has filled a huge vessel with reward."46

#### Reward of reciting Quran four times within minutes

As narrated by Sayyidunā Abū Hurayrah مَشِى اللّٰهُ عَنهُ, the final Prophet of Allah صَلَّى اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّٰهِ مَسَلَّم said, "Whoever recites عُلُ هُوَ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّٰهِ عَلَى اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّٰهِ عَلَى اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّٰهِ وَسَلَّم (the entire Sūraĥ) 12 times after Fajr salah, it is as if he has recited the entire Quran four times. On that day, this act of his is better than the people of the earth, provided he adopts piety (taqwa)."47

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> [Kanz-ul-Iman (Translation of Quran)] (Part 23, Al-Saaffaat, verses 180-182)

<sup>46</sup> Tafseer Dar Mansur, para 23, Surah Al-Saaffaat, Ayat 180, vol. 7, p. 141

<sup>47</sup> Shu'ab al-Iman, vol. 2, p. 501. Hadith 2528

#### Invocation for remaining secured from Satan

The Messenger of Allah صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم has stated, "Whoever offers Fajr salah, and then before speaking, recites قُلُ مُولِللهُ آحَدٌ (the entire Sūrah) 10 times, no sin will reach him on that day, and he will be secured from Satan."

(To read about more invocations for recitation after salah, refer to 'Baĥār-e-Sharī'at', part 3, pp. 107-110, published by Maktabatul-Madina, as well as 'Al-Wazīfat al-Karīmah', and 'Shajarah Qādiriyyah').



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Tafseer Dur Mansur, para 30, Surah Al-Ikhlas, Ayat 1, vol. 8, p. 678 25



If you were to commit sins to the extent they reach the sky and then repent, Allah shall certainly accept your repentance.

(Ibn Maja, vol. 4, p. 490, Hadith 4248)





Aalami Madani Markaz, Faizan-e-Madinah, Mahallah Saudagaran Purani Sabzi Mandi, Bab-ul-Madinah, Karachi, Pakistan UAN: +92 21 111 25 26 92 | Ext: 7213

Web: www.maktabatulmadinah.com | E-mail: feedback@maktabatulmadinah.com