

THE BLESSINGS OF SHAYKH 'ABD AL-WAHID TAMEEMI رَحْيَةُ اللّٰهِ مَلَيْهِ اللّٰهِ مَلَيْهِ INCLUDING MEMOIR OF SHAYKH ABU AL-FARAH YUSUF TARTUSI رَحْبَةُ اللّٰهِ مَلَيْهِ



حضرت عبدُ الواحد تميمي مَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْه

The Blessings of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْه

The Blessings of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi مثقالله عليه

This booklet was written by Shaykh al-Tareeqah, Ameer Ahlus Sunnah, the founder of Dawat-e-Islami 'Allamah Maulana Abu Bilal Muhammad Ilyas Attar Qaadiri Razavi المنابعة ألما المنابعة in Urdu. Translation Department (Dawat-e-Islami) has translated it into English. If you find any mistake in the translation or composing, please inform the Translation Department on the following postal or email address with the intention of earning reward [thawab].

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The Blessings of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi

An English translation of 'Faizan of Shaik Abdul Wahid Tameemi رُحْمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ

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ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلْهِ رَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ وَالصَّلُوةُ وَالسَّلَامُ عَلَى سَيِّدِ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ أَمَّا بَعْدُ فَاَعُوذُ بِاللَّهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطِنِ الرَّجِيْمُ بِسُمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمُنِ الرَّحِيْمُ

Du'a for Reading the Book



Translation

O Allah عَنْوَعَلُ ! Open the doors of knowledge and wisdom for us and have mercy on us! O the One Who is the Most Glorious and Honourable! (*Al-Mustatraf, vol. 1, pp. 40*)

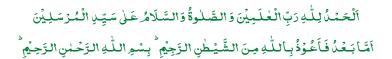
Note:

Recite salat upon the Prophet once before and after the du'a.

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A shining star in the sky of Qadiriyyat

Allah Almighty granted us an unimaginable favour by making us from the ummah of His final Prophet, our beloved master, *Sayyiduna* Muhammad مَثَلُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم, who hailed from Makkah al-Mukarramah and is resting in Madinah al-Munawwarah. This is nothing short of an immense blessing.

Maintaining purity on a spiritual and physical level, as well as avoiding the traps of the carnal self (*nafs*) is an undertaking greatly eased by means of affiliation with a perfect shaykh. Avoiding the pitfalls of the carnal self and Satan can otherwise be near-impossible. The practice of pledging allegiance (*bay'ah*) to a perfect shaykh has been implemented by pious elders since antiquity.

From all spiritual lineages, the distinction of the *Qadiriyyah* lineage is comparably understood by paralleling it to the station of Shaykh Abd al-Qadir Jilani مَحْتَةُ اللّٰهِ amongst all other saints. As the great shaykh, who is famously known as *Ghauth al-A'zam*, stands out amidst all other saints, the *Qadiriyyah* spiritual order is also subject to such status. Imam Ahmad Raza Khan مَحْتَةُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ sheds further light on this topic: "The Qadiri

household is indeed the most superior of all, as *Sayyiduna Ghauth al-A'zam خَمُوُّاللُوعِلِيهِ* is the most superior of all saints."¹

الْكَمُمُلُلُّهِ, the Qadiriyyah spiritual lineage is known worldwide. It has the largest number of murids (followers) when compared to all other spiritual paths. One of the great contemporary Qadiri shaykhs of the 15th century AH is the Ameer of Ahl al-Sunnah, 'Allamah Muhammad Ilyas Attar Qadiri Razavi Ziyaee منافعة المعالية. Despite having permission to commission murids in all four famous spiritual paths and possessing successorship in them, he still has all those who take bay'ah with him become murids of Ghauth al-A'zam مَا مُعَمُّ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ الْمُعَالِّهِ وَاللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ الْمُعَالِّهُ وَالْمُعَالِّهُ وَالْمُعَالِيةُ وَالْمُعِلِيةُ وَالْمُعَالِيةُ وَالْمُعِلِيةُ وَالْمُعَالِيةُ وَالْمُعَالِيةُ وَالْمُعَالِيةُ وَالْمُعِلِيةُ وَالْمُعَالِيةُ وَالْمُعَالِيّةُ وَالْمُعَالِيّةُ وَالْمُعَالِيّةُ وَالْمُعَالِي وَالْمُعِلِيّةُ وَالْمُعَالِي وَالْمُعَالِيّةُ وَالْمُعَالِي وَالْمُعَال

'Allamah Ilyas Qadiri دَامَتْ بَرَكَاتُهُمْ الْعَالِيَهُ is the 41st shaykh in the Qadiriyyah Razawiyyah Ziyaiyyah Attariyyah spiritual order. This also means he is linked to and succeeds Imam Ahmad Raza Khan مَثِنَّهُ أَللُهِ عَلَيْهُ in spirituality. This link continues all the way back to Shaykh Abd al-Qadir Jilani مَثَمَّ أَللُهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا بِهُ مَثَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا مَثَلُوهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا (to Sayyiduna 'Ali مَثِنَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالْهُ عَنْهُمَا مَنْ مَثَلُّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالْهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالْهُ عَنْهُمَا مَنْ أَللُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالْهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالْهُ وَسَلَّمَ عُلَاهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالْهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ عَنْهُمَا لَا عَلَيْهِ وَالْهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمَ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَلْهُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَسَلَّمُ وَلِهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَالْهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَا لَا مُعَلِّمُ وَلَا لَا عَلَيْهُ وَلَا لَا لَهُ وَلَا عَلَيْهُ وَلَا لَا عَلَيْهُ وَلَا لَا عَلَاهُ وَلَا عَلَيْهُ وَلَا عَلَاهُ وَلَا عَلَيْهُ وَلَالْهُ وَلَا عَلَيْهُ وَلَا عَلَاهُ وَلَا عَلَيْهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ عَلَاهُ وَلَا عَلَاهُ وَلَا عَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ عَلَيْهُ وَلَا عَلَا عَلَاهُ وَلَا عَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَا عَلَاللَّهُ وَلِهُ عَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ وَلَالْهُ عَلَاهُ وَلَا عَلَاهُ وَلَاهُ

This booklet contains biographical information regarding the 13th shaykh of the Qadiriyyah spiritual order, *Sayyiduna* Abu al-Fadl 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi مختفة الله عليه. Not only this, but

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¹ Fatawa Razawiyyah, vol. 26, p. 568

research was conducted on around 50 books penned in Arabic, Farsi and Urdu in order to garner the content this work comprises. Handwritten Arabic documents of previous times were relied upon when ascertaining the shaykhs birthplace and date of passing. After passing stringent checking and authentication by Dar al-Ifta Ahl al-Sunnah, this booklet has now been presented to the Muslim world.

A search was conducted to find modern footage of *Sayyiduna* 'Abd al-Wahid's خَمُةُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْه shrine with authorities in Baghdad even being contacted. However, this search was not visibly successful. A singular picture attributed to be the shrine of the shaykh was found and included in this booklet, المُحَمُّهُ لِللهِ.

O Allah, grant us steadfastness in being Qadiri through the means of the Ameer of Ahl al-Sunnah until our last breaths. Allow us to be true servants of Shaykh 'Abd al-Qadir Jilani مَحْمُةُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ and Sayyiduna 'Abd al-Wahid مَحْمُةُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ in this world and the Hereafter.

عُفِيَ عنه Muhammad Tahir Attari Madani

The blessings of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi مِثَمُوْلِلُهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلِيهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلِيهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلِيهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلِيهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلِيهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلِيهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلْ

Ameer of Ahl al-Sunnah's prayer:

O Lord of Mustafa! Whoever reads the 25-page booklet *The blessings of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi مختفاللوعليه* or has it read to them, envelop them in the blessings of each and every shaykh of the Qadiri spiritual order! Forgive them without accountability and grant them a place in Paradise neighbouring Shaykh Abd al-Qadir Jilani

One cause of punishment in the grave: misusing the tongue

Sayyiduna Abu Bakr Shibli Baghdadi مَا مَعْمُاللُوعِكِهُ says, I once saw my deceased neighbour in a dream and asked, "What did Allah do with you?") In reply, he said, "I have traversed through a greatly fearful affair. I was unable to answer the questions posed to me by Munkar and Nakeer, leaving me to consider that I had not passed away with my faith intact. A voice then explained, "Due to you speaking unnecessarily in the world, this punishment is being inflicted upon you."

المُنْحُنَّ اللَّهِ! If reciting *salat* upon the Prophet in abundance can assist a person in their grave, then think for a moment, can the sacred personality upon whom you are sending *salat* not then come to your aid himself?



The majesty of the Qadiriyyah spiritual lineage

There are famous schools of spirituality affiliated with saints of Islam, such as Qadiriyyah, Chishtiyyah, Naqshbandiyyah and Sohrwardiyyah etc. Having said this, the Qadiri order of Shaykh 'Abd al-Qadir Jilani مَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ, which ties directly back to the lion of Allah, Sayyiduna 'Ali مُعْنَالُهُ عَنْهُ اللَّهِ عَنْهُ اللَّهِ عَنْهُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ الْمُعَنَّاهُ أَنْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَنْهُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَاللَّهُ عَنْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَنْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَنْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَل

¹ Al-Qaul al-Badee', p. 260

The Blessings of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi مُحْمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ



The 13th shaykh of the Qadiri order

The 13th shaykh of the Qadiri order is 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi Hanbali, who is the son of *Sayyiduna* 'Abd al-'Aziz Tameemi Baghdadi مَحْمَةُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ. Him and his father were both greatly revered saintly personalities of their times.

Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid مَحْمُهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ was born in Yemen on Friday 22nd of Rajab, 342 AH at the time of 'Asr.¹ As his parents lived in Yemen and his birth took place there, he was referred to as Yemeni himself. His appellation was Abu al-Fadl, and his title was Zayn al-Din, meaning the adornment of Islam. Due to his familial ties with the esteemed Arab tribe of Banu Tameem, the title Tameemi was also added to his name. This tribe has direct ties with *Sayyiduna* Abu Bakr مَشِى اللّٰهُ عَنْهُ, the first caliph of the Muslims, and they are descendants of the children of *Sayyiduna* Ismail عَلَيْهِ السَّالَاءُ Tameem was the name of a distinguished forefather from this tribe.²

What the Prophet said about Banu Tameem tribe

The tribe of Banu Tameem possess great honour and esteem. When asked about them, the final Prophet صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّمَ

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¹ Tareekh Baghdad, vol. 11, p. 15, Raqm 5677

² Mirat al-Manajeeh, vol. 8, pp. 319 - 320

explained, "They resemble a red knoll or rainfall with large droplets. He who stands as an adversary to them will be unable to cause them harm."

Some people then asked, "Who are the Banu Tameem?" to which the Prophet صَلَى اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّمَ replied, "Allah has only ordained for goodness in regard to Banu Tameem. They are people with large heads, great intellect, and steadfastness. They will battle fiercely with Dajjal and aid the truth during the end of times."

Who will stand firmest against Dajjal?

In one narration, the Companion of the Messenger, *Sayyiduna* Abu Hurayra وَضِيَّ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ said,

I love the Banu Tameem for three reasons. I have heard the Messenger of Allah صَلَّ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّ العه saying concerning them, "These people will stand firmest against Dajjal from all of my ummah." When the sadaqah of Banu Tameem arrived, the Messenger of Allah صَلَّ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم said, "This is the sadaqah of our nation." Sayyidatuna 'Aishah وَفِيَ اللهُ عَنْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم had a female servant who hailed from that tribe, to which the Prophet صَلَّ اللهُ عَنْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم said, "Free her, as she is from the children of Ismail."

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¹ Musnad al-Haris, vol. 1, p. 942, Hadith 1039

² Bukhari, vol. 2, p. 157, Hadith 2543

Mufti Ahmad Yar Khan رَحْبَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْه comments on this hadith:

The number of people comprising Banu Tameem will be exceedingly large when Dajjal appears, and they will stand in opposition to him more than anyone. Contesting Dajjal in such staunch manner proves the strength of faith possessed by the Banu Tameem.

This also highlights how select, respected individuals, whether living in the present, past or future, can become means of their entire nation receiving respect and esteem. The Banu Tameem will stand in opposition to Dajjal near the Day of Judgement, but we love and respect them even today. The Messenger of Allah مَثَ اللهُ مُتَلَيْمُ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّمُ declared them to be his own nation, thus distinguishing their uniqueness.

Bear in mind, a nation can refer to those you share beliefs with, those of similar habits to you, those from the same country, or those of the same profession, lineage, language, teacher or shaykh. In relation to this hadith, the Prophet مَسْ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسُلّه اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهُ وَلِلللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللّهُ وَالللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّه

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¹ Mirat al-Manajeeh, vol. 8, p. 319

Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi's mention in Shajarah Qadiriyyah Razawiyyah Attariyyah

Behr-i-Shibli sher-i-Haq dunya ke kutton se bacha Eik ka rakh 'Abd-i-Wahid be-riya ke wasite

Select words explained:

Behr: For the sake of;

Sher-e-Haq: Lion of God

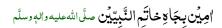
Dunya ke kutton: People who are greedy for worldly wealth

'**Abd**: Servant

Be-riya: Sincere

Summary of this couplet

O Allah! For the sake of Your lion, Shaykh Abu Bakr Shibli مَنْ مَا بَعْتُهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ, save me from the dogs of this world (those who lust after worldly wealth). Further, for the sake of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi رَحْبَهُ اللّٰهِ عَنَيْه، keep me loyal to one doorstep.



The Blessings of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi مِحْمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ

Explanation

'Abd al-Wahid itself means, 'a servant of one God'. The *du'a* offered in this couplet asks for a person to be kept at one doorstep for the sake of the servant of one God.

Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid in Hadaiq-i-Bakhshish

O devotees of the Messenger! In a poem written in Persian, the Imam of Ahl al-Sunnah, Imam Ahmad Raza Khan رَحْبَةُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ forwards a plea to Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid :: وَمُعَدُّ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ:

Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid ra hum suey Wahid numa

Translation: O our shaykh, 'Abd al-Wahid! Turn us towards the path that leads to Allah, He Who has no partner. Show us the way to Him!



His honourable father

The father of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid مَنْهَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ was Shaykh 'Abd al-'Aziz bin Harith Tamimi مَنْهُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ. Hailing from the top echelon of Hanbali scholars, he was born in 317 AH and his

appellation was Abu al-Hasan. He penned works on obligatory knowledge and principle and passed away in Dhul Qa'dah, 371 AH.¹

May Allah have mercy on him and forgive us for his sake.



Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid's brother

The brother of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid was Shaykh Abul Farh 'Abd al-Wahhab Tameemi رَحْتَهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ.

He was born in 353 AH. After Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi مَنْمَقُاللُمِ passed away, he began issuing religious verdicts and delivering speeches. In accordance with the teachings of the Hanbali school of jurisprudence, he taught in the famous Jami' Masjid of Baghdad. He carried a narration which reached him through nine narrators; the father of each narrator had the appellation 'Abdullah, the last of whom narrated it directly from Sayyiduna 'Ali مُعْمَاللُهُ مَنْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَنْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَنْهُ اللَّهُ الل

He passed away on a Tuesday night in Rabi' al-Awwal, 425 AH. His son, Abu Muhammad Rizqullah رَحْمَةُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ, led his funeral

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¹ Tareekh Baghdad, vol. 10, pp. 460 - 461

The Blessings of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi مِحْمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ

salah, and he was buried close to the shrine of Imam Ahmad bin Hanbal للمعتقبة الله عقيقة الله عقيقة المعتقبة المعتقبة

May Allah have mercy upon him and forgive us for his sake.



His nephew also being a great imam of jurisprudence

Sayyiduna Abu Muhammad Rizqullah bin 'Abd al-Wahhab مَنْمَةُ اللهِ عَلَيْهُ was the nephew of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi مُعَمَّدُ was the nephew of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi مُنْمَةُ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ. He was a great Hanbali scholar of the time, an ardent, devotional worshipper and linguistically gifted. Continuing his father's oratory work in Jami' Masjid Mansur up to 450 AH, he eventually relocated this work to the capital, Bab al-Maratib, Baghdad. He visited the shrine of Imam Ahmad bin Hanbal مَنْمُ four times a year in the blessed months of Rajab and Sha'ban. People gathered in huge numbers to listen to the speeches he delivered there.²

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¹ Tabqat al-Hanabilah, vol. 2, p. 155, Tareekh Baghdad, vol. 11, p. 33

² Tabqat al-Hanabilah, vol. 2, p. 214

Respected imam in the Hanbali school of jurisprudence

Hafiz Shams al-Din Muhammad bin Ahmad Zahabi Shafi'i مَنْ writes in his famous Siyaru A'lam al-Nubula:
Shaykh Abu al-Fadl 'Abd al-Wahid bin 'Abd al-'Aziz bin Harith Tamimi Baghdadi مَنْ is from the greatest imams and jurists of the Hanbali school. He received transmission in hadith from his honourable father, as well as 'Abdullah bin Is'haaq Khurasani, Abu Bakr Najjad and Ahmad bin Kamil مَنْ مُنْ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ Alongside this, he was good friends with the judge Abu Bakr Baqilani مَنْ مَا مُلَا اللهُ عَالَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ and had exhibited great love for him. 1,2

His extensive knowledge

He wrote a book on theology named, اِيُوْتِقَادُ الْإِمَامِ اللهُ اَنْكَنُالُ إِنْ عَدِّا اللهِ الْمُعَدِّلُ كَثِينَ مُنْكِنَالُ كَاللهُ الله When describing him, 'Allamah Ahmad bin 'Ali Khatib Baghdadi تَحْتَهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ used the phrase 'saduq' [a term used in hadith terminology.]³

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¹ Sayr A'lam al-Nubala, vol. 13, pp. 170 – 171, Raqm 3779

² Some Urdu books mention Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi to be Hanafi. However, many Arabic books record him to have followed the Hanbali school of jurisprudence. Most evidence points to him being Hanbali. Tareekh Baghdad, vol. 10, p. 460, Tareekh al-Hanabilah, vol. 1, p. 152

 $^{^3}$ Tareekh Baghdad, vol. 11, p. 15, Raqm 5677

Hadith about the River Euphrates

Let us read a blessed hadith which includes Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tamimi مَتْهَةُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ in its list of narrators:

أَخْبَرَنَاأَ بُوالْفَضُلِ عَبُكُ الْوَاحِدِ بُنُ عَبُدِ الْعَرِيزِيْنِ الْعَارِثِ التَّبِيقُ، قَالَ: حَدَّثَنَا مُحَدَّدُ بُنُ حَدِّدِ اللَّهِ مِنْ الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَدَدُ بُنُ حَمُونِ اللَّهِ الشَّافِعِ عُ، قَالَ: حَدَّثَنَا المُحَدُّ بُنُ حُمُونِ الْأَسَدِ عُنُ ، قَالَ: حَدَّثَنَا الْمَعْدُ بُنُ حُمُونِ اللَّعَلَى عَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ

¹ **Translation:** Abu al-Fadl 'Abd al-Wahid bin 'Abd al-'Aziz bin Harith Tamimi مَتَمَا الْمِعَالِيّة informed us that he had this hadith relayed to him by Muhammad bin 'Abdullah Shafi'i, who narrates from Mudar bin Muhammad Asadi, who narrates from by Sa'id bin Hafs, who narrates from Zuhayr bin Mua'wiyah, who narrates from Suhayl bin Abu Salih, who narrates from his father, who heard the following hadith from the Companion of the Messenger, *Sayyiduna* Abu Hurayrah: The Messenger of Allah عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْكِوَ الْمِعَالِيّةِ الْمُعَالِيّةِ الْمِعَالِيّةِ الْمِعَالِيّةِ الْمِعَالِيّةِ الْمُعَالِيّةِ الْمُعَالِيّةِ الْمِعَالِيّةِ الْمُعَالِيّةِ الْمُعَالِيّةِ الْمُعَالِيّةِ الْمُعَالِيْةِ الْمُعَالِيّةِ الْمُعَالْمُعَالِيّةِ الْمُعَالِيّةِ الْمُعَالِيْكِيْلِيّةِ الْمُعَالِيّةِ الْمُعَالِيْلِيْكَالْمُعَالِيْلُهُ الْمُعَالِيْكُولِيْكُمُ الْمُعَالِيْكُمُ الْمُعَ

² Tareekh Baghdad, vol. 13, p. 268, Raqm 7222

Dear Islamic brothers, this hadith details some events that shall take place close to the Day of Judgement. Mufti Ahmad Yar Khan رَحْتَهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ writes,

Some commentators consider the meaning of mountain here to entail great amounts of gold. Kingdoms will take arms against one another to acquire it, as well as the masses at large. The root of war and battle will be the pursuit of gold, but the punishment of Allah will then come into effect. Everyone will mistakenly consider themselves to be the one who shall acquire the gold and will fight others wantonly for it.¹



Meeting with Khidr عَلَيْهِ السَّلَام

Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi was also honoured to attain the company of a beloved Prophet of Allah, *Sayyiduna* Khidr مَعْيَهُ السَّدَة. The former once gifted him a date and made *du'a*, saying: "You are 'Abd al-Wahid (the servant of one God); may Allah grant blessings in your age."



¹ Mirat al-Manajeeh, vol. 7, p. 258

² Shareef al-Tawareekh, vol. 1, p. 624

Mentioning Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid in the form of salat

Imam Ahmad Raza Khan رَحْتَهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْه had successorship and authorisation in many spiritual orders. He penned in Arabic, Urdu and Persian multiple *shajarah* (which detail chains of spirituality) for varying spiritual orders. One of these he wrote purely in Arabic, composing it in the form of *salat* upon the Prophet. He mentions the 13th shaykh of the Qadiriyyah Razawiyyah Attariyyah order, Abu al-Fadl 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi مَنْهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ in the following way:

The great Imam also wrote another *shajarah* for the Chishtiyyah Nizamiyyah Barkatiyyah order. In this, he makes *du'a* to Allah with the *wasilah*² of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid تَحْمَةُ اللّهِ عَلَيْهِ:

Ik nigah-i-lutf o rehmat ka houn Maula multaji

Eik ka rakh 'Abd-i-Wahid be-riya ke wasite³

¹ Tareekh Wa Sharh Shajarah Qadiriyyah Barkatiyyah Razawiyyah, p. 109

² Intermediation

³ Tareekh Wa Sharh Shajarah Qadiriyyah Barkatiyyah Razawiyyah, p. 183

507 miracles

Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi مَنْهَهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ visited Makkah al-Mukarammah and Madina al-Munawwarah many times but spent most of his life in Baghdad. He was an embodiment of piety and spent a huge amount of time in worship. He took on the actions and practices of his murshid Abu Bakr Shibli to such a great extent that he became fana fi al-murshid (someone who has replaced their personal self with that of their murshid and is completely involved in remembering them. Such a person even takes on their spiritual guide's actions and characteristics).

The Qadiri spiritual order was spread far and wide through him with countless people gaining blessings. As reported in *Tawareekh Aaina-i-Tasawwuf*, he manifested 507 miracles. Most importantly, he strictly acted upon the Sunnah of the Prophet مَثَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ with great consistency.¹

Acting upon the sunnah

O devotees of the Messenger, the blessed lives of the pious predecessors مَنْ اللهُ عَلَيْهِم are a reflection of the Sunnah, for the blessed life of the noble Prophet مَنْ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللهِ وَسَلَّم has been declared the best example for us in the Quran. The great master

¹ Tawareekh Aaina-i-Tasawwuf, p. 30, Shareef al-Tawareekh, vol. 1, p. 624, Tareekh Mashaaikh Qadiriyyah Razawiyyah, p. 147

of the Qadiriyyah Attariyyah way, the Ameer of Ahl al-Sunnah, 'Allamah Muhammad Ilyas Attar Qadiri Razavi Ziyaee نامَتُ is a shaykh in spirituality and shariah. As well as having vast knowledge of the Sunnah, he also practices it and implements it into every part of his life. In essence, he is a physical embodiment of the Sunnah. Acting upon the Sunnah and encouraging others to do so is his distinguishing quality.

righteousness, countless Islamic brothers and Islamic sisters have started to act upon the Sunnah. May Allah Almighty allow his shade to remain upon us with well-being and allow us to benefit from his blessings. May Allah Almighty also make us devotees of the Sunnah and sincere individuals who act upon it. Everyone acknowledges the services of Ameer of Ahl al-Sunnah وَاصَّتُ اَتُهُمُ الْعَالِيَةُ for the Prophetic Sunnah.



Deputies

Through studying the books written on the lives of the *awliya* منته الله منته منه و بنه منه و بنه و

Tawareekh Aaina-i-Tasawwuf that Shaykh Abd al-Wahid had 15 minor deputies and 18 who were fully authorised.¹

His passing

Allamah bin Ahmad Khatib Baghdadi رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ writes:

The great wali of the Qadiri path, an embodiment of knowledge and practice, Sayyiduna Abu al-Fadl Abd al-Wahid Tameemi Hanbali مَنْهُ اللّٰهِ passed away in 410 AH, on a Monday, in the final days of Dhul-Hijjah (i.e. 29th or 30th). My father informed me that 50,000 people offered his funeral prayer. On the same day, he was laid to rest in the graveyard of Bab al-Harb, next to the blessed mausoleum of the great leader of the Hanbalis, Imam Ahmad bin Hanbal مَنْهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ مَاللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ Abdul Aziz Tameemi مُنْهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ مُنْهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ ا

It is also mentioned regarding Imam Ahmad bin Hanbal and Shaykh Abdul Wahid Tameemi مُعَتُهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ that their blessed mausoleums were located on the banks of the Tigris River, but due to flooding, part of the mausoleums became submerged in the river, meaning that they can no longer be visited.

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¹ Tawareekh Aaina Tassawwuf, p. 30

 $^{^2}$ Al-Rawd al-Basim Fi Tarajim Shuyukh al-Hakim, vol. 1, p. 654, Tareekh Baghdad, vol. 11, p. 15, Raqm 5677

Blessings of becoming a disciple in the Qadiri way

O devotees of the awliya! There are only benefits in this world and the Hereafter of becoming a murid of a true shaykh, and this also applies to becoming a murid in the Qadiriyyah Razawiyyah Attariyyah path. The leader of this path is the Ameer of Ahl al-Sunnah, 'Allamah Muhammad Ilyas Attar Qadiri Razavi Ziyaee وَاصَاتُهُمُ الْمَالِيَةُ. Along with being a practicing scholar, he exemplifies good character. In this age of tribulation, this blessed individual is nothing less than an immense bounty of Allah Almighty for us.

Those Islamic brothers and sisters who have not yet taken bay'ah at the hands of a true spiritual guide, they should value this great blessing by immediately becoming murids of Ghawth al-A'zam Shaykh Abdul Qadir Jilani مثنة الله عَلَيْه through the Ameer of Ahl al-Sunnah وَانْ شَاءَالله عَلَيْهُمُ الْعَالِيمُ , you will succeed in both worlds, for my murshid, Ghawth al-A'zam مثنية states,

"I was given a very large register containing the names of my disciples until the Day of Judgement, and it was said, 'All of them have been handed over to you.' I asked the angel appointed over Hell, 'Is there any murid of mine in Hell?' The angel replied, 'No."

He further mentions:

Becoming a murid via WhatsApp

In order to become a murid yourself or to make another person a murid, send their name, their father's name and their age to the following number on WhatsApp: +923212626112. Calls are not answered on this number, and so kindly send these details in text format only.



The 14th shaykh

The deputy of *Sayyiduna* Shaykh Abdul Wahid Tameemi مَنْ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ is Shaykh Abu al-Farah Yusuf bin Abdullah Tartusi نَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ . He was the *qutb* of his time and one of the most prominent saints. His blessed name was Yusuf, his appellation Abu al-Farah, and his titles were 'Alauddin and Rahat al-

¹ Bahjat al-Asraar, p. 193

Muslimeen. He possessed a lofty rank and stature. His blessed father's name was Abdullah bin Yunus مَنْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ. The exact year of his birth could not be found despite perusing many biographical works. However, in one place, the 15th of Rabi' al-Awwal 407 AH is mentioned. Due to being born in the city of Tartus and it being the land of his parents, he is referred to as Tartusi.

Excellence and greatness

Shaykh Abu al-Farah Tartusi مَرَّحَبُهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ was an individual who performed great acts worship and possessed unshakeable certitude [in Allah Almighty]. He had no interest in the world whatsoever. He shouldered the responsibility of deputization (khilafat) from his murshid, Shaykh Abu al-Fadl Abdul Wahid Tameemi مَنْ مَنْهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ, and following in his footsteps, he spread the blessings of the Qadiriyyah path across the world. He attained blessings from his noble father, Sayyiduna Abdullah bin Yunus مَرْحَبُهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ, and also drew valuable blessings from the company of Sayyiduna Fudayl bin 'Iyad مَرْحَبُهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ .

His mention in *Shajarah Qadiriyyah Razawiyyah Attariyah*

Bul farah ka sadaqah kar gham ko farah, de husn o sa'd

Select words explained:

Bul farah: joyous person.

Farah: joy.

Husn: goodness.

Sa'd: good fortune.

This line of poetry means: O Allah Almighty! For the sake of the resplendent Shaykh Abu al-Farah Muhammad Yusuf bin Abdullah مُتَهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ , transform my grief into joy.

Interesting fact

A particular speciality of this couplet in *Shajarah Qadiriyyah Razawiyyah Attariyyah* is the offering of *du'a* with the appellation of the shaykh being mentioned. For example, *farah* (happiness) has been sought by presenting Abu al-Farah as a *wasilah*. The congruence between the name and the thing being sought is that they both contain the word *farah*.



700 miracles

Around 700 miracles are attributed to him, as mentioned in *Sharif al-Tawarikh*. The Imam of Ahl al-Sunnah, Imam Ahmad Raza Khan تَحْتُهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ writes in a Persian *shajarah*:

The Blessings of Shaykh 'Abd al-Wahid Tameemi ومحَمَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ

Be-farah ra bil-farah Tartusiya imdad kun

Translation: "O Abu al-Farah Tartusi ارْحَهُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ! Grant me your aid and bestow this grief-stricken individual with happiness."

His spiritual path continued through his well-known deputy, *Sayyiduna* Abu al-Hasan Hakkaari مَنْحَهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ, who went on to become the 15th shaykh in the Qadiriyyah Razawiyyah Attariyyah path.

How to attain the mercy of Allah Almighty

Shaykh Abu al-Farah Muhammad Yusuf bin Abdullah موَيَهُ اللّهِ عَلَيْهِ states, "Whosoever recites this litany 80 times on Tuesday night, the mercy of Allah Almighty will descend upon him. The litany is as follows:

Translation: O Compassionate One! You are the One who does not return the needy and poor empty-handed from His court."¹



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¹ Shareef al-Tawareekh, p. 628

His passing

Shaykh Abu al-Farah Tartusi passed away on the 3rd of Sha'ban, 447 AH. His mausoleum is located in Tartus. Imam Ahmad Raza Khan تَحْمَةُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ mentions this murshid of ours as follows in his *sharajah* written in the form of *salat*:

In one place in *Hadaiq-i-Bakhshish*, Imam Ahmad Raza Khan مَنْهَ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْه composed select poetry in praise of Shah Aal-i-Rasool's deputy, *Sayyiduna* Abu al-Husain Noori مَنْهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْه, in which he seeks the following through the mediation of Shaykh Abu al-Farah مَنْهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ.

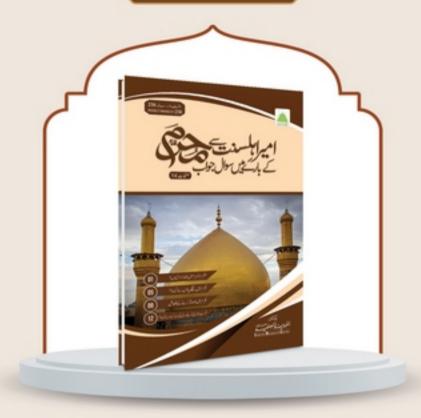
Bul Farah ke liye farah dede

Gham ne gherah hai Ahmad-i-Noori

Meaning: "O Ahmad Noori اِنَحْهُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ! Grief has surrounded me! Grant me happiness for the sake of Sayyiduna Abu al-Farah Tartusi مِنْهُ اللّٰهُ عَنْهُ."



Next Week's Booklet







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