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Tazkirah

Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Sani
(Roman)

رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ
تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ



Shaykh-e-Tareeqat, Ameer-e-Ahl-e-Sunnat
Founder of Dawat-e-Islami, Allamah Maulana Abu Bilal

MUHAMMAD ILYAS
Attar Qaadiri Razavi

Presented by
Majlis-e-Tarajim (Dawat-e-Islami)

مادِشِ تَرَاجِيم
الْمَشَائِقِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلّٰهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ وَالصَّلٰوةُ وَالسَّلَامُ عَلٰى سَيِّدِ النُّبُوْسِلِينَ
أَمَّا بَعْدُ فَأَعُوْذُ بِاللّٰهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطٰنِ الرَّجِيمِ ۝ يٰسِمِ اللّٰهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِيمِ

Kitab Parhnay ki Du'a

Deeni Kitab ya Islami sabaq parhnay say pehlay zail mayn di hoi Du'a parh lijiye اَن شَاءَ اللّٰهُ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ jo kuch parhayn gey yaad rahay ga. Du'a ye hay:

اللّٰهُمَّ افْتَحْ عَلَيْنَا حِكْمَتَكَ وَانْشُرْ
عَلَيْنَا رَحْمَتَكَ يَا ذَا الْجَلَالِ وَالْإِكْرَامِ

Tarjuma

Ay Allah عَزَّ وَجَلَّ hum per Ilm-o-hikmat kay darwazay khol day aur hum par apni rahmat nazil farma! Ay Azmat aur Buzurgi walay!

(Al-Mustatraf, jild. 1, pp. 40)

Note: Awwal aakhir ayk ayk bar Durood-e-pak parh layn.

تذکرہ مجدد الفِ ثانی

Tazkirah Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani

TAZKIRAH

MUJADDID-E-ALF-E-SAANI

Ye Risala Shaykh-e-Tareeqat Ameer-e-Ahl-e-Sunnat Bani-e-Dawat-e-Islami, Hazrat Allamah Maulana Abu Bilal Muhammad Ilyas Attar Qaadiri Razavi دامت برگائه العالیہ nay tahreer farmaya hay, Majlis-e-Tarajim nay is ko Roman-Urdu mayn compose kiya hay. Agar is may koi kami-bayshi payen to Majlis-e-Tarajim ko aagah ker kay Sawab kay haqdar baniye.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

TAZKIRAH MUJADDID-E-ALF-E-SAANI..... 1

100 Haajatayn puri hon gi	1
Wiladat-e-Ba-Sa'adat.....	2
Qal'ay ki ta'meer aur paanchwayn Jadd-e-Amjad ki barakat (Hikayat)	2
Walid-e-Majid ka maqaam.....	3
Ta'leem-o-Tarbiyat.....	5
Jahil Sufi Shaytan ka maskharah.....	5
Bayta ho tu aysa.....	6
Baap daykhay aulaad sawab kamaey	7
Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ka Huliyah Mubarak	7
Sunnat-e-Nikah.....	8
Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani hanafi hayn	8
Shan-e-Imam-e-A'zam Ba'zuban-e-Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ...	9
Ijazat-o-Khilafat	9
Peer-o-Murshid ka Adab-o-Ihtiraam (Hikayat)	10
Mazaar Shareef per haziri	11
Nayki Ki Dawat ka aaghaz.....	11
Imam-e-Ghazali kay Gustakh ko Danta	12
Gustakh Ka 'Ibratnaak Anjam	13
Shoq-e-Tilawat.....	14
Sunnat per Amal ka In'aam (Hikayat).....	14

Sonay, Jaagnay kay 5 Madani phool.....	15
Maghfirat ki bisharat	16
Sawab ka Tuhfa (Hikayat)	17
Hikayat Say Hasil Honay walay Madani phool	18
Hazaar Daanay Wali Tasbeeh	18
Bibi Ayesha kay Isal-e-Sawab ki hikayat.....	19
Tamaam Aurton mayn Sab Say Piyari Bibi Ayesha	20
Wali Wali ko pahchanta hay (Hikayat)	21

'SIRHIND SHAREEF' KAY 9 HUROOF KI NISBAT SAY 9 KARAMAAT21

(1) Ayk waqt mayn 10 gharon mayn tashreef aawiri (Hikayat)	21
(2) Fur'an Baarish Band ho gaie (hikayat).....	22
(3) Isay Hathi kay pa'aon talay kuchalwa diya jaey (hikayat)	22
(4) Bachay kay baray mayn ghaybi khabar di (hikayat)	23
(5) Dil ki baat Jaan li.....	24
(6) Maang kiya mangta hay? (Hikayat)	24
(7) Mureed ki madad farmaie	25
Bad-Aqeedigi ka khuwab mayn 'Ilaaj farma diya (Hikayat)....	25
Apni wafat ki pehlay hi khabar day di (Hikayat).....	27
Mitti ka kona toota huwa piyala (Hikayat)	27
Sada kaghaz ka bhi adab	28
Rah chaltay huway kaghzaat ko laat mat mariye.....	28

Huroof ki ta'zeem ki jaey	29
Jawani kaysay guzarayn?	30
Jawani na'mat-e-Khudawandi	30
Hafiz-e-Quran ka adab.....	31
Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani kay 40 ma'mulaat.....	32
Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ka Imam Shareef.....	34
Ba Imama Namaz 10 Hazaar Naykiyon Kay Brabar.....	35
Kiya Imama sirf Ulamah hi bandhayn?	35
Aalim aur jahil sab imama bandhayn	35
Ittiba-e-Sunnat Ishq-e-Rasool ki 'alamat.....	36
Tasaanif.....	37
Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ kay 11 Aqwaal.....	38
Gaana Bajana Zahr-e-Qaatil hay	39
Kaanon mayn pighla huwa seesah dala jaey ga.....	39
Manaqib-e-Ghaus-e-Samdani ba-zaban-e-Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani.....	40
Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani aur A'la Hazrat.....	40
Maktubaat-e-Imam-e-Rabbani aur A'la Hazrat.....	41
Aasaar-e-Wisaal	42
Wisaal Mubarak	43
Namaz-e-Janazah-o-Tadfeen	43
Aulaad kay mubarak naam.....	44
Khulafa-e-Kiraam	44
Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani aur Khulafa-e-A'la Hazrat	45

الْحَمْدُ لِلّٰهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ وَالصَّلٰوةُ وَالسَّلَامُ عَلٰى سَيِّدِ الْمُرْسَلِينَ
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TAZKIRAH MUJADDID-E-ALF-E-SAANI

Shaytan laakh susti dila'ey magar Aap ye risala mukammal parh lijiye ان شاء الله عزوجل Aap ka dil seenay mayn jhoom uthay ga.

100 Haajatayn puri hon gi

Sultan-e-Do Jahan, Sarwar-e-Zeeshan ﷺ ka farman-e-jannat nishana hay: ‘Jo Mujh per Jumu’ah kay din aur raat 100 martaba Durood Shareef parhay Allah Ta’ala us ki 100 haajatayn puri farmaey ga, 70 aakhirat ki 30 dunya ki aur Allah عزوجل ayk firishta muqarrar farma day ga jo us Durood-e-Pak ko mayri qabr mayn yun puhnchaey ga jaysay tumhayn tahaafat (Gifts) paysh kiye jatay hayn, bila-shuba mayra ‘ilm mayray wisaal (zaahiri wafaat) kay ba’ad waysa hi hoga jaysa mayri hayaat (zaahiri zindagi) mayn hay’.

(Jam’-ul-Jawami’ Lil-Suyuti, jild. 7, safha. 199, Hadees 22355)

صَلُوٰةٌ عَلَى الْحَبِيبِ صَلُوٰةٌ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ

Wiladat-e-Ba-Sa'adat

Silsila-e-'Aaliyah Naqshbandiyyah kay 'Azeem Payshwa Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani Shaykh Ahmad Sirhindi Farooqi Naqshbandi ﷺ ki wiladat-e-ba-sa'adat (Birth) hind kay maqam 'Sirhind' mayn 1563/AH 971 ko hui. (*Zubdat-ul-Maqamaat, safha 127, Makhuzan*) Aap ﷺ ka naam-e-mubarak: Ahmad, Kuniyat: Abul Barakaat aur Laqab: Badaruddin hay. Aap ﷺ Ameer-ul-Mu'mineen Hazrat Sayyiduna 'Umar Farooq-e-A'zam رضي الله تعالى عنه ki aulaad mayn say hayn.

Qal'ay ki ta'meer aur paanchwayn Jadd-e-Amjad ki barakat (Hikayat)

Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ kay paanchwayn Jadd-e-Amjad Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna imam Rafi'uddin Farooqi Suharwardi ﷺ Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Makhdoom Jahaniya jahan Gasht Sayyid Jalaluddin Bukhari Suharwardi ﷺ (wafaat: 785 AH) kay khalifah thay. Jab ye donon hazraat Hind tashreef laey aur Sirhind Shareef say 5, 6 kos (ya'ni taqreeban 10 - 12 Kilometre) door 'Mauda' Sarais' puhnchay to wahan kay logon nay darkhuwast ki kay 'Mauda' Sarais' aur 'Samaana' ka darmiyani rasta khatarnaak hay, jungle mayn pahaar khaanay walay khaufnaak jungli janwar hayn, aap (waqt kay Badshah) Sultan fayroz Shah tughlaq ko un donon kay darmiyan ayk Shahar aabad karnay ka farmaya ta-kay logon ko aasaani ho chuna-chay Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Shaykh Imam Rafi'uddin Suharwardi ﷺ kay baray

bhai Khuwajah Fatahullah رحمۃ اللہ علیہ nay sultan fayroz shah tughlaq kay hukum par ayk qal'ay ki ta'meer shuru' ki, laykin 'ajeeb haadisah paysh aaya kay ayk din mayn jitna qal'aa ta'meer kiya jata dosray din woh sab toot phoot kar gir jata, Hazrat Sayyiduna Makhdoom Sayyid Jalaluddin Bukhari Suharwardi رحمۃ اللہ علیہ ko jab us haadisay ka 'ilm huwa to Aap رحمۃ اللہ علیہ رحمۃ اللہ علیہ nay Hazrat-e-Imam Rafi'uddin Suharwardi رحمۃ اللہ علیہ ko likha kay Aap khud ja ker qal'ay ki buniyad rakhiye aur usi shahar mayn sukunat (ya'ni mustaqil Qiyaam) farmaiyeh, chuna-chay Aap رحمۃ اللہ علیہ tashreef laey qal'aa ta'meer farmaya aur phir yahin sukunat ikhtiyar farmaie. Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رحمۃ اللہ علیہ ki wiladat-e-basa'adat usi shahar mayn hui. (*Zubdat-ul-Maqamaat, safha. 89*)

Walid-e-Majid ka maqaam

Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رحمۃ اللہ علیہ kay Walid-e-Majid Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Shaykh Abdul Ahad Farooqi Chishti Qaadiri رحمۃ اللہ علیہ jayyid aalim-e-deen aur Wali-e-Kamil thay. Aap رحمۃ اللہ علیہ ayyam-e-jawani mayn aktisab-e-fayz kay liye Hazrat Shaykh Abdul Quddus Chishti Saabiri رحمۃ اللہ علیہ (Mutawaffa 1537/AH 944) ki khidmat mayn hazir huway aastaana-e-'aali per qiyaam ka iradah kiya laykin Hazrat Shaykh Abdul Quddus Chishti Saabiri رحمۃ اللہ علیہ nay farmaya: 'Uloom-e-Deeniya ki takmeel kay ba'ad aana' Aap jab tahseel-e-'ilm kay ba'ad hazir huway to Hazrat Shaykh Abdul Quddus Chishti رحمۃ اللہ علیہ wisaal farma chukay thay aur in

kay Shahzaday Shaykh Ruknuddin Chishti (wafaat 1575/AH 983) masnad-e-khilafat par jalwah afroz thay. Aap nay Hazrat Shaykh Abdul Ahad Farooqi رحمه اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ ko Silsila-e-Qaadiriyyah aur chishtiyah mayn Khilafat say musharraf farmaya aur faseeh-o-baleegh arabī mayn ijazat naama marhamat farmaya. Aap kafi ‘arsa safar mayn rahay aur buhut say Ashaab-e-Ma’rifat say mulaqatayn keiyn, bil-aakhir sir hind tashreef lay aaye aur aakhir umar tak yahin tashreef farma ho ker Islami Kutub ka dars daytay rahay. Fiqh-o-Usool-e-Fiqh mayn bhi nazeer thay, Kutub-e-Sufiya-e-Kiraam: Ta’aruf, ‘Awaarif-ul-Ma’arif aur Fusoos-ul-Hikam ka dars bhi thay, buhut say Mashaykh nay Aap say istifadah (ya’ni faidah hasil) kiya. ‘Sikandaray’ kay qareeb ‘Ataway’ kay ayk nayk gharanay mayn Aap ka Nikah huwa tha. Imam Rabbani kay walid-e-Muhtiram Shaykh Abdul Ahad Farooqi رحمه اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ nay 80 saal ki umar mayn (1598/AH 1007) mayn wisaal farmaya. Aap ka Mazaar-e-Mubarak Sirhind Shareef mayn shahar kay maghribi janib waqi’a hay. Aap nay ka’i kutub tasneef farmayn jin mayn Kanz-ul-Haqaiq aur Asraar-ut-Tashahhud bhi shamil hayn.

(Seerat-e-Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani safha 77 - 79 Mulakhasan)

Allah Rabb-ul-Izzat ki un per rahmat ho aur un kay sadqay hamari bay hisaab maghfirat ho.

أَمِينٌ يَحْجُو إِلَيْهِ الْأَمِينُ صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ

Ta'leem-o-Tarbiyat

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رحمۃ اللہ علیہ nay apnay Walid-e-Majid Shaykh Abdul Ahad رحمۃ اللہ علیہ say kai 'Uloom hasil kiye. Aap رحمۃ اللہ علیہ ko faraiz kay sath sath nawafil ki mahabbat bhi apnay Walid-e-Majid رحمۃ اللہ علیہ say mili thi, chuna-chay farmatay hayn: 'is faqeer ko ibadat-e-nafilah khususan Nafl namazon ki taufeeq apnay buzur gawaar say mili hay.' Walid-e-Majid kay 'ilawah dosray asaatiza say bhi istifaaza (ya'ni faidah hasil kiya) mas'alan Maulana Kamal Kashmiri say ba'az mushkil kitabayn parhin, Hazrat Maulana Shaykh Muhammad Yaqoob Sarfi Kashmiri رحمۃ اللہ علیہ say Kutub-e-Hadees parhin aur sanad li. Hazrat Qaazi Bahlool Badakhshi رحمۃ اللہ علیہ say Qaseedah Burdah shareef kay sath sath Tafseer-o-Hadees ki kai kitabayn parhin. Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رحمۃ اللہ علیہ nay 17 saal ki umar mayn 'Uloom-e-Zahiri say sanad-e-faraghat paayi.

(Hazaraat-ul-Qudus, pp. 32)

Jahil Sufi Shaytan ka maskharah

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رحمۃ اللہ علیہ ka Andaaz-e-Tadrees nihayat dil nasheen tha. Aap رحمۃ اللہ علیہ Tafseer-e-Bayzavi, Bukhari shareef, Mishkat shareef, Hidayah aur Sharah-e-Mawaqif wagherah Kutub ki Tadrees farmatay thay. Asbaaq parhanay kay sath sath zahir-o-baatini islaah kay Madani phoolon say bhi talaba ko nawaztay. Ilm-e-deen kay fawaid aur is kay husool ka jazbah baydaar karnay kay liye

‘ilm-o-‘Ulamah ki ahmiyyat bayan farmatay. Jab kisi taalib-e-‘ilm mayn kami ya susti mulahazah farmatay tu ahsan (ya’ni buhut achy) andaaz mayn is ki islaah farmatay chuna-chay Hazrat Badaruddin Sirhindi رحمۃ اللہ علیہ farmatay hayn: ‘Mayn jawani kay aalam mayn aksar ghalaba-e-haal ki wajah say parhanay ka zauq na paata to Aap رحمۃ اللہ علیہ kamaal maharbani say farmatay: Sabaq lao aur parho, kiyun kay jahil sufi to Shaytan ka maskharah hay.’ (*Aidan, pp. 89*)

Bayta ho tu aysa

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رحمۃ اللہ علیہ tahseel ‘ilm kay ba’ad Aagrah (Al-Hind) tashreef laey aur Dars-o-Tadrees ka silsila shuru’ farmaya, apnay waqt kay baray baray faazil (‘Ulama-e-Kiraam) Aap رحمۃ اللہ علیہ ki bargah mayn hazir ho ker ‘ilm-o-hikmat kay chashmay say sayraab honay lagay. Jab ‘Aagrah’ mayn kaafi ‘arsa guzar gaya tu Walid-e-Majid رحمۃ اللہ علیہ ko Aap ki yad sataanay lagi aur Aap رحمۃ اللہ علیہ ko daykhnay kay liye baychayn ho gaey chuna-chay Walid-e-Muhtiram taweel safar farma kar Aagrah tashreef laey aur Aap nay lakht-e-jigar (ya’ni Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani) ki ziyarat say apni ankhayn thandi ki. Aagrah kay ‘Aalim Sahib nay jab un say is achanak tashreef aawiri ka sabab pucha tu irshad farmaya: Shaykh Ahmad (Sirhindi) ki mulaqaat kay shoq mayn yahan aa gaya, chunkay ba’az majburiyon ki wajah say in ka mayray pas aana mushkil tha is liye mayn aa gaya hon.

(*Zubdat-ul-Maqamaat, safha 133*)

Baap daykhay aulaad sawab kamaey

Meethay meethay Islami Bhaiyon! Farmanbardaar aur nayk aulaad aankhon ki thandak aur dil ka chayn hoti hay. Jis tarah walidayn ki mahabbat bhari nazar kay sath ziyarat say aulaad ko ayk maqbool hajj ka sawab milta hay isi tarah jis aulaad ki ziyarat say walidayn ki aankhayn thandi hon, aysi aulaad kay liye bhi ghulam aazad karnay kay sawab ki bisharat hay chunachay Farman-e-Mustafa ﷺ hay: ‘Jab baap apnay baytay ko ayk nazar daykhta hay tu baytay ko ayk ghulam aazad karnay ka sawab milta hay.’ Bargah-e-Risalat mayn arz ki gayi: Agar-chay baap 360 martaba daykhay? Irshad farmaya: Allah عَزَّوجَلَّ bara hay.’ (*Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani, jild 1, safha 191, Hadees 11608*) ya’ni usay sab kuch qudrat hay, is say pak hay kay is ko is kay daynay say ‘aa�iz kaha jaey.

Hazrat ‘Allamah Abdul Rauf Manawi رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ farmatay hayn: Muraad ye hay kay jab asal baap apni far’ah ya’ni (baytay) per nazar daalay aur usay Allah عَزَّوجَلَّ ki farmanbardari kartay huway daykhay tu baytay ko ayk ghulam aazad karnay ki misaal sawab milta hay. Is ki ayk wajah ye hay kay baytay nay apnay Rabb Ta’ala ko raazi bhi kiya aur baap ki aankhon ko thandak bhi puhnchai kiyun kay baap nay usay Allah عَزَّوجَلَّ ki farmanbardari mayn daykha hay. (*At-Tayseer, jild 1, safha 131*)

Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ka Huliyah Mubarak

Aap رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ ki rangat gundumi maayil ba safaydi thi, payshaani kushadah aur chehra mubarak khoob he noorani

tha. Abr-o-daraaz siyaah aur bareek thay. Ankhayn kushadah aur bari jab kay beeni (ya'ni naak) bareek aur buland thi. Lab (ya'ni honth) surkh or bareek, daant moti ki tarah ayk dosray say milay huway aur chamakdar thay. Resh (Ya'ni darhi mubarak khoob ghani, daraaz aur murabba' (ya'ni chokor thi). Aap مَحْمَدُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ اَللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ اَللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ aysay nafees (ya'ni saaf suthray) thay kay paseenay say na-gawaar bu nahin aati thi.

(Hazarat-ul-Qudus' safha 171)

Sunnat-e-Nikah

Hazrat Sayyiduna Imam Rabbani Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani مَحْمَدُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ اَللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ اَللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ kay Walid-e-Majid Hazrat Shaykh Abdul Ahad Farooqi مَحْمَدُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ jab Aap مَحْمَدُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ko Aagrah (Al-Hind) say apnay sath Sirhind lay ja rahay thay, rastay mayn jab thanisar (tha-ni-sar) puhnchay tu wahan kay Raees Shaykh Sultan ki Sahibzadi say Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani مَحْمَدُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ka aqd-e-masnoon (ya'ni Sunnat-e-Nikah) karwaya.

Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani hanafi hayn

Hazrat Sayyiduna Imam Rabbani Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani مَحْمَدُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ Siraaj-ul-Aimah Hazrat Sayyiduna Imam-e-A'zam Abu Hanifah No'man Bin Sabit مَحْمَدُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ kay muqallid honay kay sabab Hanafi thay. Aap مَحْمَدُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ Sayyiduna Imam-e-A'zam مَحْمَدُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ say bay intiha 'aqeedat-o-mahabbat rakhtay thay. Chuna-chay

Shan-e-Imam-e-A'zam Ba'zuban-e-Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani

Hazrat Sayyiduna Imam-e-A'zam Abu Hanifah رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ki shan bayan kartay huway farmatay hayn: Buzurgon kay buzrug tareen Imam, Imam-e-Ajal, Payshwa-e-Akmal Abu Hanifah رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ki bulandi-e-shan kay mutabiq mayn kiya likhon. Aap رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ tamaam Aimah-e-Mujtahideen mayn khuwah woh Imam Shafi' رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ hon ya Imam-e-Malik رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ya phir Imam Ahmad Bin Hanbal رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ in sab mayn sab say baray Aalim ziyadah rah'-o-taqwah walay thay. Imam Shafi' رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ 'آلُفُقَرَاءُ كُلُّهُمْ عِيَالٌ أَبَنٌ حَنِيفَةُ' farmatay hayn رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ tamaam fuqha'a Imam Abu Hanifah kay 'Ayaal hayn.

(Mabda-o-Ma'ad, safha 49)

Ijazat-o-Khilafat

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ko mukhtalif Salasil-e-Tareeqat mayn ijazat-o-khilafat hasil thi. (1) Silsila-e-Suharwardiyyah mayn apnay Ustad-e-Muhtiram Hazrat Shaykh Yaqoob Kashmiri رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ say ijazat-o-khilafat hasil thi (2) Silsila-e-Chishtiyyah aur Qaadiriyyah mayn apnay Walid-e-Majid Hazrat Shaykh Abdul Ahad Chishti Qaadiri رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ say ijazat-o-khilafat hasil thi. (3) Silsila-e-Qaadiriyyah mayn Kaythali (Muzaafaat-e-Sirhind) kay buzrug Hazrat Shah Sikandari Qaadiri رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ say ijazat-o-khilafat hasil thi. (4) Silsila-e-Naqshbandiyyah mayn Hazrat-e-

Khuwajah Muhammad Baqi Billah Naqshbandi ﷺ say ijazat-o-khilafat hasil farmaie. (*Seerat-e-Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani, safha 91*) Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ nay 3 silsilon mayn iktisaab-e-fayz ka yun zikar farmaya:’ Mujhay kaseer waaston kay zariy'e Nabi-e-Kareem ﷺ say iraadat hasil hay. Silsila-e-Naqshbandiyyah mayn 21, Silsila-e-Qaadiriyyah mayn 25 aur Silsila-e-Chishtiyyah mayn 27 waasiton say.’ (*Maktubaat-e-Imam Rabbani, Daftar Saum hissa 9 maktoob 87 jild. 2, safha. 26*)

Peer-o-Murshid ka Adab-o-Ihtiraam (Hikayat)

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ apnay Peer-o-Murshid Hazrat Khuwajah Baqi Billah Naqshbandi ﷺ ka bay had adab-o-ihtiraam farmaya kartay thay aur Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Baqi Billah Naqshbandi ﷺ bhi Aap ko bari qadr-o-manzilat ki nigah say daykhtay thay. Chuna-chay ayk roz Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ hujrah shareef mayn takhat per aaraam farma rahay thay kay Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Baqi Billah Naqshbandi ﷺ dosray darwaishon ki tarah tan-e-tanha tashreef laey. Jab Aap hujray kay darwazay per puhnchay tu khadim nay Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ ko baydaar karna chaha magar Aap ﷺ nay sakhti say mana farma diya aur kamray kay bahar he Aap kay jaagnay ka intizar karnay lagay. Thori hi dayr ba'ad Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ ki ankh khuli bahar a'ahat sun kar

aawaz di kon hay? Hazrat Khuwajah Baqi Billah ﷺ nay farmaya: Faqeer, Muhammad Baqi. Aap ﷺ aawaz suntay hi takhat say muztaribah (ya'ni bay qaraari kay alam mayn) uth kharay huway aur bahar aa kar nihayat 'ijz-o-inkisaari kay sath Peer Sahib kay samnay ba adab bayth gaey.

(*Zubdat-ul-Maqamaat, safha. 153*)

Mazaar Shareef per haziri

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ Markaz-ul-Awliya Lahore mayn thay kay 25 Jumadal-Aakhir 1012 Hijri ko Aap ﷺ kay Peer-o-Murshid Hazrat Sayyiduna Khuwajah Muhammad Baqi Billah Naqshbandi ﷺ ka Delhi mayn wisaal ho gaya. Ye khabar puhnchtay hi Aap furan Delhi rawana ho gaey. Delhi puhnch kar Mazaar-e-Pur Anwar ki ziyarat ki, Fatihah Khuwani aur Ahl-e-Khana ki ta'ziyat say farigh ho ker Sirhind tashreef laey.

(*Aidan, safha. 159*)

Nayki Ki Dawat ka aaghaz

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ nay yun tu qiyaam-e-Aagrah kay zamanay hi say Nayki ki Dawat ka aaghaz kar diya tha, laykin 1008 Hijri mayn Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Baqi Billah Naqshbandi ﷺ say Bay'at kay ba'ad ba-Qai'dah kam shuru farmaya. 'Ahd-e-Akbari kay aakhir saalon mayn Markaz-ul-Awliya Lahore aur Sirhind mayn reh

ker khamoshi aur door andayshi kay sath apnay kaam mayn masroof rahay us waqt tak a'laniyah koshish karna maut ko Dawat daynay kay mutaradif hay. Ja'birana aur qahirana hukumat kay hotay huway khamoshi say kam karna bhi khatray say khali na tha laykin Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ nay ye khatra maul lay ker apni koshishayn jari rakhin aur Huzoor-e-Anwar ﷺ ki Makki zindagi kay ibtada'i daur ko paysh-e-nazar rakha. Jab Daur-e-Jahangiri shuru huwa tu Madani zindagi ko paysh-e-nazar rakhtay huway barmala koshish ka aaghaz farmaya. Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ nay Nayki ki Dawat aur logon ki islaah kay liye mukhtalif zaraayi'e isti'maal farmaey. Aap ﷺ nay Sunnat-e-Nabawi ki payrawi mayn apnay mureedon Khulafa aur maktubaat kay zariyi'e is tahreek ko parwaan charhaya. (*Seerat-e-Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani, safha 157*)

Imam-e-Ghazali kay Gustakh ko Danta

Ayk martaba ayk shakhs Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf Saani ﷺ kay samnay falasifah ki ta'reef karnay laga, is ka andaaz aysa tha kay jis say 'Ulama-e-Kiraam ﷺ ki tauheen lazim aati thi Aap ﷺ nay usay samjhataj huway falasifah kay rad mayn Hazrat Sayyiduna Imam Muhammad Bin Muhammad Bin Muhammad Ghazali ﷺ ka farman-e-'Aali sunaya tu woh shakhs munh bigaar kar kehnay laga: Ghazali nay tu na-ma'qool baat kahi hay مَعَادُ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ Hazrat Sayyiduna Imam Muhammad bin Muhammad bin Muhammad

Ghazali رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ki shaan mayn gustakhana jumla sun kar Aap رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ko jalaal aa gaya! Furan wahan say uthay aur usay daant-tay huway irshad farmaya: ‘Agar Ahl-e-‘ilm ki suhbat ka zauq rakhtay ho tu aysi bay-adabi ki baaton say apni zaban band rakho.’ (*Zubdat-ul-Maqamaat, safha. 131*)

Gustakh Ka ‘Ibratnaak Anjam

Meethay meethay Islami bhaiyon! Kisi bhi musalman ki tahqeer dunya-o-aakhirat donon he kay liye nuqsaan day hay laykin buzurgan-e-deen ki gustakhi ki saza ba’az auqaat dunya mayn he di jati hay ta-kay aysa shakhs logon kay liye ‘Ibrat ka samaan ban jaey. Chuna-chay Hazrat Sayyiduna Taj-ud-din Abdul Wahhab Bin Ali Subki رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ farmatay hayn: Ayk Faqiyah (ya’ni aalim-e-deen) nay mujhay bataya kay ayk shakhs nay Fiqh-e-Shafi’ kay dars mayn Hazrat Sayyiduna Hazrat Muhammad Bin Muhammad bin Muhammad Ghazali رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ko bura bhala kaha, mayn is per buhut ghamgeen huwa, raat isi gham ki kayfiyat mayn neend aa gayi. Khuwab mayn Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Imam Muhammad Bin Muhammad Bin Muhammad Ghazali رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ki ziyarat hui, mayn nay bura bhala kehnay walay ka shakhs ka zikr kiya tu Aap رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ nay irshad farmaya: Fiqir mat kijiye woh kal mar jaey ga. Subh jab mayn halqa-e-dars mayn puhncha tu us shakhs ko hasshash basshash (ya’ni bhala changa) daykha magar jab woh wahan say nikla tu ghar jatay huway rastay mayn suwari say gira aur zakhmi ho gaya, suraj ghuroob honay say qabl hi mar gaya.

(*Itihaf-us-Sadaat liz-Zabidi, jild. 1, safha. 14*)

Shoq-e-Tilawat

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ safar mayn Tilawat-e-Quran Kareem farmatay rehtay, basaa auqaat 3-3, 4-4 paaray bhi mukammal farma liya kartay thay. Is duran Ayat-e-Sajdah aati tu suwari say utar ker Sajdah Tilawat farmatay. (*Zubdat-ul-Maqamaat, safha. 207*)

Sunnat per Amal ka In'aam (Hikayat)

Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ degar mu'amilaat ki tarah sonay jaagnay mayn bhi sunnat ka khayal farmaya kartay thay. Ayk bar Ramazan-ul-Mubarak kay aakhiri 'ashray mayn Taraweeh kay ba'ad aaraam kay liye bay-khayali mayn ba'eyn (left) karwat per layt gaye, itnay mayn khadim pa'aon dabanay laga. Aap رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ko achanak khayal aaya kay da'eyn (right) karwat per laytnay ki sunnat chhot gaie. Nafs nay susti diliae kay bhoolay say aysa ho jaey tu koi baat nahin laykin Aap رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ uthay aur sunnat kay mutabiq da'eyn (ya'ni seedhi) karwat per aaraam farma huway. Aap رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ farmatay hayn: Is sunnat per amal kartay he mujh per 'inayaat, barakaat aur silsilay kay anwaar ka zuhoor honay laga aur aawaz aaie 'Sunnat per amal ki wajah say Aap ko aakhirat mayn kisi qisim ka azaab na diya jaey ga aur Aap kay pa'aon dabanay walay khadim ki bhi maghfirat kar di gaie.'

(*Aidan, safha. 180*)

Meethay meethay Islami bhaiyon! Daykha Aap nay! Is sunnat per amal ki kaysi barakatayn hayn. Agar hum bhi sunnat kay mutabiq sonay ki ‘aadat bana layn tu ﴿إِنَّ شَاءَ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ﴾ is ki barakaat naseeb hon gi. Ye bhi ma’loom huwa kay nayk bandon ki khidmat karna bhi buhut bari sa’adat ka ba’s hota hay.

Sonay, Jaagnay kay 5 Madani phool

- ❖ Sonay say pehlay ye du’a parh lijiye:

اللَّهُمَّ بِاسْمِكَ أَمُوتُ وَأَحْيٰ ط

Tarjuma: Ay Allah ﴿عَزَّ وَجَلَّ﴾! Mayn tayray naam kay sath hi marta hon aur jeeta hon (ya’ni sota aur jagta hoon)

(Sahih Bukhari, jild. 4, safha 196, Hadees 6325)

- ❖ Sunnat yun hay kay Qutb taaray (ya’ni shumaal) ki taraf sar karay aur seedhi karwat per soey kay sonay mayn bhi munh Ka’bay ko rahay.’ (*Fataawa-e-Razawiyyah, jild. 23, safha. 385*) Dunya mayn har jagah qutub taara-o-shumal ki janib nahin parhay ga lihazah dunya kay kisi bhi hissay mayn so’eyn aur sar ya pa’aoen kisi bhi simt hon bas ‘seedhi karwat is tarah so’eyn kay chehraah Qiblay ki taraf rahay.’ Sunnat ada ho jaey gi.
- ❖ Jaagnay kay ba’ad ye du’a parh lijiye:

الْحَمْدُ لِلّٰهِ الَّذِي أَحْيَانَا بَعْدَ مَا أَمَاتَنَا وَإِلٰهُ النُّشُورُ ط

Tarjuma: Tamaam khoobiyan Allah ﷺ kay liye hayn jis nay hamayn marnay kay ba'ad zindah kiya aur isi ki taraf lot ker jana hay. (*Sahih Bukhari, jild. 4, safha. 196, Hadees 6325*)

Bahar-e-Shari'at jild 3 safha 436 per hay (Neend say baydaar ho ker) usi waqt pakka iradah karay kay parhayzgari-o-taqwa karay ga kisi ko sataey ga nahin.

- ❖ Neend say baydaar ho ker miswak kijiye
- ❖ Raat mayn neend say baydaar ho ker tahajjud ada kijiye kay bari sa'adat hay. Sayyid-ul-Muballighin, Rahmat-ul-'Aalameen صَلَّى اللّٰهُ تَعَالٰى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ nay irshad farmaya: 'Farzon kay ba'ad afzal namaz raat ki hay.' (*Sahih Muslim, safha. 591, Hadees 1163*)

Maghfirat ki bisharat

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رَحْمَةُ اللّٰهِ تَعَالٰى عَلَيْهِ nay ayk baar tahdees-e-na'mat kay taur per farmaya: Ayk din mayn apnay rufaqa kay sath baytha apni kamzoriyon per ghor-o-fiqir ker raha tha' 'aajizi-o-inkisaari ka ghalaba tha. Isi duran ba-misdak-e-Hadees: 'مَنْ تَوَاضَعَ لِلّٰهِ رَفَعَهُ اللّٰهُ' Ya'ni jo Allah ﷺ kay liye inkisaari karta hay Allah ﷺ usay bulandi 'ata farmata hay. (*Shu'ab-ul-Iman, jild. 6, safha. 276, Hadees. 8140*)

Rab عَزَّوْجَلَ ki taraf say khitaab huwa: عَفَرْتُ لَكَ لِمَنْ تَوَسَّلَ بِكَ بِوَاسِطَةٍ، ‘أَوْ بِغَيْرِ وَاسِطَةٍ إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ’ Ya’ni tum ko bakhsh diya aur qiyamat tak payda honay walay in tamaam logon ko bhi bakhsh diya jo tayray waseelay say bil-wasta ya bila-wasta mujh tak puhnchayn.’ Is kay ba’ad mujhay hukum diya gaya kay mayn is bisharat ko zahir ker dun. (*Hazaraat-ul-Qudus, daftar daum, safha. 104*)

Sawab ka Tuhfa (Hikayat)

Hazrat Sayyiduna Imam-e-Rabbani Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ kay safar-o-hazar kay khadim Hazrat Haji Habeeb Ahmad ﷺ farmatay hayn: Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf Saani ﷺ kay Ajmayr shareef qiyaam kay duran ayk din mayn nay 70 hazaar baar Kalimah-e-Tayyibah parha aur Aap ﷺ ki khidmat mayn hazir ho kar arz ki: mayn nay 70 hazaar baar Kalimah Shareef parha hay us ka sawab Aap ki nazar karta hon. Aap ﷺ nay furan hath utha kar du'a farmaie. Agley roz farmaya: kal jab mayn du'a maang raha tha tu mayn nay daykha: Firishton ki fauj us Kalimah-e-Tayyibah ka sawab lay kar aasman say utar rahi hay in ki ta'dad is qadar ziyadah ti kay zameen per pa'aon rakhnay ki jagah baqi na rahi! Aap ﷺ nay farmaya: Is khatam ka sawab mayray liye nihayat mufeed sabit huwa. Inhi Haji Sahib ﷺ ka bayan hay kay Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ nay mujh say farmaya: mayn nay jo kuch bataya is per ta'ajjub na karna, mayn apna haal bhi tumhay batata hon: Mayn rozana

tahajjud kay ba'ad 500 martaba Kalimah-e-Tayyibah parh kar apnay marhoom bachon Muhammad 'Isa, Muhammad Farrukh aur bayti umm-e-Kulsoom ko Isal-e-Sawab karta tha. Har raat in ki roohayn Kalimah-e-Tayyibah kay khatam kay khatam kay liye aamadah karti thi. Jab tak mayn tahajjud ki adaegi kay ba'ad Kalimah-e-Tayyibah ka khatam na kar layta woh roohayn mayray ird gird is tarah chakkar lagati rahti jaysay bachay roti kay liye maa kay gird us waqt tak mandlaatay rehtay hayn jab tak inhayn roti na mil jaey. Jab mayn Kalimah-e-Tayyibah ka Isal-e-Sawab ker dayta tu roohayn wapas lot jati. Magar ab kasrat-e-sawab ki wajah say woh ma'moor hayn aur ab un ka aana nahin hota. (*Aidan, safha 95*)

Hikayat Say Hasil Honay walay Madani phool

- ❖ Zindon ko bhi Isal-e-Sawab kiya ja sakta hay.
- ❖ Murday apnay 'azeez-o-aqaarib aur dost ahbaab ki taraf say Isal-e-Sawab kay muntazir rehtay hayn.
- ❖ Murdon ko sawab puhnchta hay aur woh sawab paa kar mutma'in ho jatay hayn.
- ❖ Isal-e-Sawab karna Awliya-e-Kiraam ka tareeqah raha hay.

Hazaar Daanay Wali Tasbeeh

Hazrat-e-Haji Habeeb Ahmad رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ farmatay hayn: Jis din mayn nay Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ko

Kalimah-e-Tayyibah ka sawab nazar kiya usi din say Aap رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ nay apnay liye ayk hazaar daanay wali Tasbeeh banwaie aur tanhaie mayn is per Kalimah-e-Tayyibah ka wird farmanay lagay. Shab-e-Jummah ko khaas taur per murideen kay hamrah usi Tasbeeh per ayk hazaar Durood Shareef ka wird farmaya kartay. (*Hazaraat-ul-Quodus, daftari daum, safha. 96*)

Bibi Ayesha kay Isal-e-Sawab ki hikayat

Imam-e-Rabbani, Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ farmatay hayn: Pehlay agar mayn kabhi khana pakata tu is ka sawab Huzoor Sarwar-e-Alam-o-Ameer-ul-Mu'mineen Hazrat-e-Maula-e-Ka'inaat, Ali-ul-Murtaza Shayr-e-Khuda كَرْمُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى وَجْهُهُ الْكَرِيمُ aur Hazrat-e-Khatoon-e-Jannat Fatimah-uz-Zahra-o-Hazraat-e-Hasnayn-e-Karimayn رَحْمَى اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَنْهُمْ ki arwaah-e-muqaddisa kay liye he khaas Isal-e-Sawab karta tha. Ayk raat khuwab mayn daykha kay Janab-e-Ma'ab Risalat صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ tashreef farma hayn. Mayn nay Aap صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ ki khidmat-e- ba-barakat mayn Salam arz kiya tu Aap صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ mayri janib mutawajjah na huway aur Chehraah-e-Anwar dosri janib phayr liya aur mujh say farmaya: 'Mayn **Ayesha** kay ghar khana khata hon, jis kisi nay mujhay khana bhejna ho woh (Hazrat) **Ayesha** kay ghar bhayja karay.' Us waqt mujhay ma'loom huwa kay Aap صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ kay tawajjah na farmanay ka sabab ye tha kay Umm-ul-Mu'mineen Hazrat-e-Sayyidatuna Ayesha Siddiqah رَحْمَى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهَا ko shareek-e-tau'aam (ya'ni Isal-e-Sawab na karta tha). Is kay ba'ad say

mayn Hazrat-e-Sayyidatuna Ayesha Siddiqah
balkay tamaam 'Ummahat-ul-Mu'mineen balkay
sab Ahl-e-Bayt ko shareek kiya karta hon aur tamaam Ahl-e-
Bayt ko apnay liye waseelay banata hon. (*Maktubaat-e-Imam
Rabbani, daftar daum, jild 2, safha. 85*)

Allah Rabb-ul-Izzat عَزَّوَجَلَّ ki un per rahmat ho aur un kay
sadqay hamari maghfirat ho.

أَمِينٌ بِحَاجَةِ الْتَّبَّيِّنِ الْأَمِينُ صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ

Tamaam Aurton mayn Sab Say Piyari Bibi Ayesha

Meethay meethay Islami bhaiyon! Is hikayat say ma'loom huwa
kay jin ko Isal-e-Sawab kiya jata hay un ko puhnch jata hay ye
bhi pata chala kay Isal-e-Sawab mahdood buzurgon ko karnay
kay bajaey sab hi ko kar dayna chahiye. Ham jitnon ko bhi Isal-
e-Sawab karayn gay sab he ko barabar barabar he puhnchay ga
aur hamaray sawab mayn bhi koi kami na hogi. Ye bhi pata
chala kay Hamaray Aaqa Sarkar-e-Do Aalam
صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ Umm-ul-Mu'mineen Hazrat Sayyidatuna Ayesha Siddiqah
say bay-had unsiyat rakhtay hayn.' 'Bukhari' shareef
ki riwayat hay, Hazrat Sayyiduna Amar Bin Aas
عَزَّوَجَلَّ say wapis lautay tu unho nay arz ki Ya
Rasoolallah ﷺ! Aap ko tamaam logon mayn sab
say ziyadah mahboob kon hay? Farmaya: (Aurton mayn)

Ayesha. Unho nay phir Arz ki: Mardon mayn? Farmaya in kay walid (Hazrat Sayyiduna Abu Bakr Siddiq رضي الله تعالى عنه)

(*Sahih Bukhari, jild. 2, safha. 519, Hadees 3662*)

*Bint-e-Siddiq aaram-e-Jan bani
Us harem-e-barā`at pe lakhon salaam
Ya'ni hay surah Noor jin ki gawah
Un purnoor surat pe lakhon salaam*

Wali Wali ko pahchanta hay (Hikayat)

Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رحمه الله تعالى عليه jin dinon Markaz-ul-Awliya Lahore mayn qiyaam pazeer thay is duran ayk sabzi farosh Aap رحمه الله تعالى عليه ki bargah-e-Aali mayn hazir huwa. Aap رحمه الله تعالى عليه is ki ta'zeem kay liye kharay ho gaey. Is kay janay kay ba'ad Aap say arz ki gayi, woh tu sabzi farosh tha! (is ki aysi ta'zeem) irshad farmaya: Woh abdaal (ya'ni Waliullah) hayn, khud ko chhupanay kay liye ye paysha ikhtiyar kar rakha hay. (*Hazaraat-ul-Qudus, daftar daum, safha. 98*)

‘Sirhind Shareef’ Kay 9 Huroof Ki Nisbat Say 9 Karamaat

(1) Ayk waqt mayn 10 gharon mayn tashreef aawiri (Hikayat)

Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf Saani Shaykh Ahmad Sirhindi رحمه الله تعالى عليه ko 10 mureedon mayn say har ayk nay

Mah-e-Ramazan-ul-Mubarak mayn ayk he din iftaar ki Dawat di, Aap ﷺ nay sab ki Dawat qabool farma li, jab ghuroob-e-aftab ka waqt huwa tu ayk he waqt mayn sab kay pas tashreef lay gaye aur in kay sath roza-o-iftar farmaya.

(*Jami' Karamaat-ul-Awliya*, vol. 1, pp. 556)

(2) Furan Baarish Band ho gaie (hikayat)

Ayk martaba baarish baras rahi thi tu Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ nay aasman ki taraf nazar uthaie aur baarish say irshad farmaya: **Fulan Waqt tak ruk ja!** Chuna-chay baarish usi waqt tak tham (ya'ni ruk) gayi.

(*Aidan*, jild. 1, safha. 556)

(3) Isay Hathi kay pa'aon talay kuchalwa diya jaey (hikayat)

Ayk Ameer zaaday say Badshah naraz ho gaya aur usay Markaz-ul-Awliya Lahore say sar hind talab kiya. Is kay baray mayn ye hukum jari kiya kay jaysay hi ye aye tu usay hathi kay pa'aon kay neechay Kuchalwa diya jaey. Woh Ameer zaada jab sar hind puhncha tu Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ki khidmat-e-ba-barakat mayn hazir ho ker nihayat hi aajizi kay sath apni nijaat kay liye arz guzar huwa. Aap ﷺ nay kuch dayr muraqibah kiya phir farmaya: Badshah ki taraf say tumhayn koi takleef nahin puhnchay gi balkay woh tum per maharban hoga. Is Ameer zaaday nay arz ki: 'Aalijah!

Aap likh kar dijiye ta-kay ye tahreer mayri taskeen-e-qalbi (ya'ni dil kay sukoon) ka samaan ho. Chuna-chay Aap ﷺ nay is ki tasalli kay liye ye tahreer farmaya: ‘Ye shakhs Badshah kay ghussay kay khauf say yahan aaya hay lihazah is faqeer nay apni zamanat mayn lay kar aysay is museebat say rihaie di.’ Woh Ameer zaada jaysay he badshah kay darbar mayn puhncha tu Aap ﷺ kay irshad kay mutabiq badshah nay usay daykha tu muskiraya aur naseehat kay taur per chand baatayn kahin aur nihayat maharbani kay sath in'aam-o-ikraam say nawaz kar rukhsat ker diya.

(*Hazaraat-ul-Qudus, daftar daum, safha. 170*)

(4) Bachay kay baray mayn ghaybi khabar di (hikayat)

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ kay ayk 'azeez kay-han bayta payda tu hota laykin chhoti 'umar mayn hi faut ho jata. Ayk baar jab bayta payda huwa tu woh bachay ko lay kar Aap ﷺ ki khidmat-e-ba-barakat mayn hazir huwa aur saara majirah sunaya aur arz ki kay hum nay mannat maani hay kay agar ye bacha bara huwa tu hum isay Aap ki ghulami mayn day dayn gey. Aap ﷺ nay irshad farmaya: ‘is ka naam Abdul Haq rakho ye zindah rahay ga aur bari umar paey ga, laykin her mah Hazrat Khuwajah Bahauddin Naqshband ﷺ ki niyaaz dilwatay raho.’ Aap ﷺ ki barakat say woh bacha bari umar ko puhncha. (*Aidan, safha. 205*)

(5) Dil ki baat Jaan li

Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ kay ayk mureed ka bayan hay kay mayn chhup kar afune khaya karta tha aur is baray mayn kisi ko bhi ma'loom nahn tha. Ayk din Aap ﷺ kay hamrah ja raha tha tu Aap ﷺ nay mayri taraf daykh kar farmaya: kiya baat hay may tumharay dil mayn tareeki (ya'ni andhayra) daykhta hon? Mayn nay iqraar kiya kay mayn chhup kar afune khata hon laykin ab is say taubah karta hon. (*Aidan*)

(6) Maang kiya mangta hay? (Hikayat)

Ayk din Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ tanhaie mayn tashreef farma thay aur ayk no-Muslim (ya'ni naya musalman) Aap ki khidmat-e-ba-barakat mayn mujood tha. Aap ﷺ Nay us say farmaya: 'Maang kiya mangta hay? Jo maangay ga woh hi milay ga.' Us nay arz ki 'Aalijah! Mayra bhai aur walidah apnay kufur mayn bari shiddat (ya'ni sakhti) rakhtay hayn, mayri buhut koshish kay ba-wujood woh Islam qabool nahn kartay, Aap tawajjah farma dijiye kay woh musalman ho jayen.' Farmaya is kay 'ilawah kuch aur bhi chahiye? Arz ki: Aap ki tawajjah say mujhay bhalaiyan mil jayen gi' laykin abhi bhi ye hi khuwahish hay kay woh musalman ho jayen. Farmaya: woh buhut jild musalman ho jaeyn gey.' Aap ﷺ Kay farmanay kay teesray din us ka

bhai aur walidah donon Sirhind shareef aa kar musharraf ba-Islam ho gaye. (*Aidan, safha. 203*)

Allah Rabb-ul-Izzat عَزَّوجَلَ ki un per rahmat ho aur un kay sadqay hamari bay hisaab maghfirat ho.

أَمِينٌ بِحَاجَةِ الْئَيْمَنِ الْأَمِينِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ

(7) Mureed ki madad farmaie

Hazrat-e-Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani حَمْدَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ kay mureed-e-khaas Sayyid Jamal ayk roz kisi waadi say guzar rahay thay kay achanak ayk shayr samnay aa gaya! Un kay qadam wahan jam gaye, Anan fanan apnay murshid Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani حَمْدَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ki bargah may arz ki: bachaiye! usi waqt Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani حَمْدَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ hath mayn ‘asaa (stick) thamay apnay mureed ki dast geeri (ya’ni madad) kay liye tashreef lay aaey, shayr ko ‘asaa maara, jab Sayyid Jamal Sahib nay ankh kholi tu shayr ka kahen naam-o-nishaan nahin tha aur Hazrat-e-Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani حَمْدَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ bhi tashreef lay ja chukay thay.

(*Zubdat-ul-Maqamaat, safha. 263*)

Bad-Aqeedi ka khuwab mayn ‘Ilaaj farma diya (Hikayat)

Ayk Shakhs Ba’az Sahaba-e-Kiraam عَلَيْهِمُ التَّرْكُومَان Bil-Khussoos Hazrat Sayyiduna Ameer-e-Mu’awiyah مَعَاذُ اللَّهُ عَزَّوجَلَ say حَضْرَتُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ keena rakhta tha. Ayk din woh ‘Maktubaat-e-Imam Rabbani’ ka

mutal'a kar raha tha, kay is mayn ye ibarat parhi: 'Hazrat Sayyiduna Imam-e-Malik عليه نبی ﷺ nay Hazrat Sayyiduna Ameer-e-Mu'awiyah عليه رضی اللہ عنہ ko bura kahnay ko Hazrat Sayyiduna Siddiq-e-Akbar عليه رضی اللہ عنہ Hazrat Sayyiduna Farooq-e-A'zam عليه رضی اللہ عنہ ko bura kehnay kay brabar qaraar diya hay' To woh Aap عليه رضی اللہ عنہ say ranjidah ho gaya aur مکتبات شریف کی کتاب زمین پر فاینک دی۔ Jab woh shakhs soya to Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf Saani عليه رضی اللہ عنہ us kay khuwab mayn tashreef lay aaey. Aap عليه رضی اللہ عنہ nihayat jalaal mayn us kay donon kaan pakar ker farmanay lagay: 'tu hamari tahreer per i'tiraaz karta aur esay zameen per phaynkta hay! Agar tu mayray qaul (ya'ni bat) ko mu'tabar nahin samajhta to Aa! Tujhay Hazrat Sayyiduna Ali-ul-Murtaza عليه رضی اللہ عنہ kay pas hi lay chalun, jin ki khatir tu Sahaba-e-Kiraam علیہم الرضوان ko bura kahta hay.' Phir Aap عليه رضی اللہ عنہ usay aysi jagah lay gaey jahan ayk noorani chehray walay buzrug tashreef farma thay. Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf Saani عليه رضی اللہ عنہ nay nihayat 'aa jizi say us buzrug ko salaam kiya phir us shakhs ko nazdeek bula ker farmaya: ye tashreef farma buzrug Hazrat Sayyiduna Ali-ul-Murtaza عليه رضی اللہ عنہ hayn, sun! Kiya farmatay hayn. Us shakhs nay salaam kiya, Sayyiduna Shayr-e-Khuda عليه رضی اللہ عنہ nay usay salaam ka jawab daynay kay ba'ad farmaya: Khabardar! Rasool-e-Akram ﷺ kay Sahaba say kadoorat (ya'ni ranjish) na rakho, in kay baaray mayn koi gustakhana jumla zuban per na lao. Phir Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani

رسَمَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ سَلَامٌ ki janib ishara ker kay us say farmaya: In ki tahreer say hargiz na phirna (ya'ni mukhalifat na karna).’ Is nasihat kay ba'ad bhi is kay dil say Sahaba ka keena dor na huwa to Maula-e-Ka'inaat Hazrat Sayyiduna Ali-ul-Murtaza رَضِيَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ nay farmaya: Is ka dil abhi tak saaf nahin huwa. Ye farma ker Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani say thappar raseed karnay ka hukum farmaya, hukum ki ta'meel kartay huway jun hi Aap رَسَمَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ سَلَامٌ nay guddi per thappar mara to dil say Sahaba عَلَيْهِمُ الرِّحْمَانُ ki saari kadoorat (ya'ni nafrat) dhul gaie jab woh baydar huwa to us ka dil Sahaba عَلَيْهِمُ الرِّحْمَانُ ki mahabbat say ma'moor tha aur Aap رَسَمَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ سَلَامٌ ki mahabbat bhi so gunah ziyadah barh chuki thi.

(Hazrat ul Qudoos, daftar doum 167 mukhlisan)

Apni wafat ki pehlay hi khabar day di (Hikayat)

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رَسَمَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ سَلَامٌ nay apnay intiqal say buhut pehlay hi apni zaujah muhtarmah رَسَمَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ سَلَامٌ say farma diya tha kay mujh per zahir ker diya gaya hay mayra intiqal tum say pehlay hi ho jaey ga chuna-chay aysa hi huwa kay Aap رَسَمَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ سَلَامٌ in say pehlay wisaal (ya'ni intiqal) farma gay. (Aidan, pp. 208)

Mitti ka kona toota huwa piyala (Hikayat)

Silsila-e-'Aaliyah Naqshbandiyyah kay 'Azeem Payshwa Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رَسَمَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ سَلَامٌ nay ayk 'aam bayt-ul-Khala mayn bhangi kay pas safai kay liye gandagi say

aalud bara sa mitti ka kona tota huwa piyala daykha to baytaab ho gaey kiyun kay us piyalay per lafz, Allah kunda tha! Lapak ker piyala utha liya aur khadim say pani ka aaftaba (ya'ni dhakan wala dasta laga huwa lauta) mangwa ker apnay dast-e-mubarak say khub mal mal ker achi tarah dho ker is ko pak kiya, phir ayk safayd kapray mayn lapayt ker adab kay sath unchi jagah rakh diya. Aap ﷺ usi piyalay mayn pani piya kartay thay. Ayk din Allah ﷺ ki taraf say Aap ﷺ ko ilhaam farmaya gaya: 'Jis tarah tum nay mayray naam ki ta'zeem ki mayn bhi dunya-o-aakhirat mayn tumhara naam uncha karta hun.' Aap ﷺ farmaya kartay thay: Allah ﷺ kay naam-e-pak ka adab karnay say mujhay woh maqaam hasil huwa jo so (100) saal ki 'ibadat-o-riyazat say bhi hasil na ho sakta tha.' (*Aidan 106*)

Sada kaghaz ka bhi adab

Silsila-e-'Aaliyah Naqshbandiyyah kay 'Azeem Payshwa Hazrat Sayyiduna Shaykh Ahmad Sirhindi Al-Ma'roof Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ sada kaghaz ka bhi Ihtiraam farmatay thay, chuna-chay ayk roz apnay bichunay per tashreef farma thay kay yaka-yak bay-qaraar ho ker neechay utar aaey aur farmanay lagay: ma'loom hota hay, is bichunay kay neechay ko'i kaghaz hay. (*Zubadat ul mukamaat, pp. 194*)

Rah chaltay huway kaghzaat ko laat mat mariye

Meethay meethay Islami Bhaiyon! Ma'loom huwa sada kaghaz ka bhi adab hay aur kiyun na ho kay is per Quran-o-Hadees

aur Islami baatayn likhi jati hayn. **الحمد لله عز وجل** bayan-karda hikayat mayn Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani **صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ** ki khuli karamat hay kay bichunay kay neechay kay kaghaz ka zahiri taur per bin daykhay pata chal gaya aur Aap neechay utar aaey ta-kay ghulamon ko bhi kaghzaat kay adab ki tarheed milay. ‘Bahar-e-Shari’at jild awwal safha 411 per hay: ‘Kaghaz say istinjah mana’ hay agar-chay us per kuch bhi na likha ho Abu Jahal aysay Kafir ka naam likha ho.’

Huroof ki ta’zeem ki jaey

Fatawa-e-Razawiyyah Shareef mayn hay: ‘Hamaray ‘Ulamah tasreeh (ya’ni wazih taur per) farmatay hayn kay nafs-e-huroof qabil-e-adab hayn agar-chay juda juda likhay hon jaysay takhti ya wasli (Kaghaz) per khuwah in mayn ko’i bura naam likha ho jaysay Firawn, Abu Jahal wagherah huma ta hum huroof ki ta’zeem ki jaey agar-chay in kafiron ka naam la’iq-e-ihaanat-o-tadleel hay.’ (*Fatawa-e-Razawiyyah jild. 23, pp. 336*)

Khud Abu Jahal ki koi ta’zeem nahin kay ye tu sakht kafir tha magar chun-kay lafz ‘Abu Jahal’ kay tamaam huroof-e-tahajji (ا ب و ج و ل) Qurani hayn. Is liye likhay huway lafz ‘Abu Jahal’ kay huroof ki (na kay shakhs Abu Jahal ki) in ma’ayinon per ta’zeem hay kay us ko na pak ya gandi jaghon per daalnay aur jootay maarnay wagherah ki ijazat nahin. Fatawa ‘Aalamgeeri mayn hay: ‘Jab Firawn ya Abu Jahal ka naam kisi hadaf ya

nishanay per likha ho tu (Nishana bana ker) in ki taraf teer phaynkna makrooh hay kay huroof ki izzat-o-tauqeer hay.’ (*Aalamgeeri, jild. 5, pp. 323*) Al-bata tishu paper say hath puchnay ya toilet paper say istinjah khuss Shak karnay ki ‘Ulamah-e-Kiraam ijazat daytay hayn kiyun kay ye isi kaam kay liye tayyar kiye jatay hayn aur in par kuch nahin likha jata.

Jawani kaysay guzarayn?

Meethay meethay Islami Bhaiyon! ‘Umar ka koi sa bhi hissa ho nafsani khuwahishat ko pura karnay mayn bhalaie nahin aur nafs ki shararat jawani kay zamanay mayn to ‘urooj (ya’ni bulandi) per hoti hay, nafs ko ‘ilm-o-‘amal ki lagham daal ker is ki tarbiyat karnay ka ye hi waqt hota hay. Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ nay bhi is janib tawajjah diliae hay chuna-chay Aap ﷺ farmatay hayn: ‘Jawani ki ibtida jis tarah huwa aur hawas (ya’ni khuwahishat kay ubharnay) ka waqt hay, Isi tarah ‘ilm-o-‘amal ko apnanay ka bhi ye hi waqt hay jawani mayn ki janay wali ibadat burhapay ki ibadat say ziyadah afzal hayn.’ (*Maktubaat-e-Imam Rabbani, daftar saum, hissa hashtam, maktoob 35, jild. 2, pp. 87*)

Jawani na’mat-e-Khudawandi

Meethay meethay Islami Bhaiyon! Ayyam-e-jawani kay auqaat ki qadardani buhut zaroori hay kiyun kay jawani mayn insaan kay a’zaa mazboot aur taqatwar hotay hayn, jis ki wajah say ahkaam-o-ibadaat ki baja aawiri, khush asloobi kay sath

mumkin hoti hay, burhapay mayn ye baharayn kahan naseeb! us waqt to masjid tak jana bhi dushwar ho jata hay. Bhook piyaas ki shiddat bardaasht karnay ki bhi himmat nahin rahti, nafl to kuja farz rozay bhi puray karna bhaari perr jatay hayn. Jawani Allah ﷺ ki buhut bari na'mat hay, jisay ye na'mat mili usay us ki qadar kartay huway ziyadah say ziyadah waqt ibadaat-o-ata'at mayn guzarna chahiye, auqaat kay anmool heron ko nafamand banana chahiye. Hakeem-ul-Ummat Hazrat Mufti Ahmad Yar Khan Na'eemi رحمۃ اللہ علیہ naqal farmatay hayn: 'Jawani ki ibadat burhapay ki ibadat say ziyadah afzal hay kay ibadat ka asal waqt jawani hay.

*Ker Jawani mayn ibadat kahili achhi nahin
 Jab burhapay aa gaya kuch baat ban parti nahin
 Hay burhapay bhi ghanimat jab jawani ho chuki
 Ye burhapay bhi na hogta maut jis dam aa gaie*

"Waqt ki qadar karo, isay ghanimat jano, gaya waqt phir nahin aata" (*Mirat-ul-Manajeeh, jild, 3, safha. 167*)

Hafiz-e-Quran ka adab

Ayk martaba ayk Hafiz Sahib Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رحمۃ اللہ علیہ kay pas bayth ker Quran Kareem ki tilawat ker rahay thay Aap رحمۃ اللہ علیہ nay jab in ki taraf nigah farmaie to daykha jis jagah Aap رحمۃ اللہ علیہ tashreef farma hayn

woh jagah Hafiz Sahib wali jagah say thori unchi hay. Aap ﷺ nay furan apni nishist (ya'ni baythak) neechi ker di.
(Zubdat-ul-Maqamaat, safha. 195)

Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani kay 40 ma'mulaat

Safar ho ya hazar, sardi ho ya garmi Aap ﷺ aadhi raat kay bad baydar ho jatay or masnoon du'ayn parhtay ◇ Pabandi say tahajjud ada farmatay aur tahajjud mayn taweel Qira'at kartay ◇ Qiblah rukh bayth ker Wuzu farmatay aur ◇ Wuzu mayn kisi say madad na laytay ◇ Wuzu may miswak farmatay, faraghat kay bad kaatib (ya'ni likhnay walay) ki tarah miswak kabhi kaan per laga laytay aur kabhi khadim kay supurd farma daytay ◇ Wuzu kay duran tamaam sunan-o-mustahbaat ka khub khayal farmatay ◇ A'zaa-e-Wuzu dhotay waqt aur wuzu kay bad masnoon du'ayn parhtay ◇ Namaz kay liye 'um dah libaas zayb-e-tan farmatay aur nihayat waqaar kay sath namaz ki adaegi kay liye tayyar ho jatay ◇ namaz-e-Fajr ki sunnatayn ghar mayn ada farmatay ◇ Fajr kay farz masjid mayn Jama'at-e-Kaseerah (ya'ni buhut bari Jama'at) kay sath ada farmatay ◇ namaz say faraghat kay bad masnoon du'ayn parhtay, phir da'eyn ya ba'eyn janib rukh farma ker du'a farmatay aur du'a kay bad donon hath chehray per phayr laytay ◇ Namaz kay ba'ad Zikr, Tilawat-e-Quran kareem ka Halqah qaim kartay aur ibtidaie taalib ilmon ki tarbiyat farmatay ◇ Aap ﷺ aksar khamosh raha kartay thay ◇ Ba'az Auqaat Aap per gariya (ya'ni rona) taari ho jata aur

aankhon say sail-e-ashk rawaan ho jaya karta (ya'ni khub rotay) ◇ Namaz-e-Chaasht pabandi say ada farmatay ◇ Aap nihayat hi kaam khana tanawul farmatay ◇ Khanay say pehlay aur ba'ad ki du'ayn parhtay ◇ Din mayn khanay kay ba'ad thori dayr qaylula farmatay ◇ Azan sun kar jawab daytay ◇ Namaz-e-Zuhr kay ba'ad phir Zikr-e-Ilahi ka halqah qaim kartay, us kay ba'ad ayk 2 sabaq ki tadrees farmatay ◇ Tahiyat-ul-Masjid pabandi say ada farmatay ◇ Namaz-e-Maghrib kay bad awwabeen kay 6 Nafl ada farmatay ◇ Namaz-e-Witr ki adaegi kay ba'ad Sunnat kay mutabiq Qiblah rukh ho kar seedha hath da'eyn rukhsar kay peechnay rakh ker aaraam farma hotay ◇ Sooraj ya chand girhan honay per Namaz-e-Qusoof-o-khusoof ada farmatay ◇ Aap ﷺ Ramazan-ul-Mubarak kay aakhiri 'ashray mayn I'tikaf farmatay ◇ Zul-Hijjah kay ibtidaie 'ashray mayn (ya'ni shuru kay 10 din) mayn makhlooq say kinaara kash ho ker ibadat ka ihtimaam farmatay ◇ Kasrat say Durood-e-Pak parhtay aur khususan Shab-e-Jum'ah mureedon kay sath mil kar ayk hazaar Durood-e-Pak ka nazraana Bargah-e-Risalat mayn paysh kartay ◇ Safar-o-hazar mayn taraweeh ki mukammal 20 ra'katayn khushu-o-khuzu kay sath ada farmatay ◇ Ramazan-ul-Mubarak mayn kam az kam 3 martaba Quran kareem ka khatam farmatay ◇ Aap ﷺ chun-kay Hafiz-e-Quran thy is liye aksar Tilawat-e-Quran kareem ka silsila jaari rahta ◇ Duran-e-Safar bhi Tilawat farmatay aur agar is duran Aayat-e-Sajdah aa jati tu furan suwari say utar kar Sajdah-e-Tilawat ada farmatay ◇ Infiradi Namaz mayn Ruku'-o-Sujood

ki tasbihaat 5, 7,9 ya 11 martaba ada farmatay ◇ Safar kay liye aksar Aap peer ya jumarat ka din intikhab farmatay ◇ Kapra pehinnay, aayina daykhinay, pani peenay, khana khanay, Chand daykhinay aur degar ma'mulaat mayn jo masnoon du'ayn marvi hayn in ka ihtimaam farmatay ◇ Namaz ki tamam sunnaton aur mustahbaat ka khoob ihtimaam farmatay ◇ Jab koi buzrug Aap say mulaqaat kay liye tashreef laatay to taziman kharay ho jatay ◇ Salam mayn hamaysha pehl farmatay ◇ Allamah Badaruddin Sirhindi رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ farmatay hayn: Mujhay 'ilm nahin kay kabhi koi shakhs salaam mayn Aap say sabqat lay gaya (ya'ni pehl karnay mayn kamiyaab huwa ◇ Sar per imama shareef sajaye rakhtay ◇ Pajama hamaysha takhnon say upper huwa karta.

(*Hazaraat -ul-Qudus, daftar 2, pp. 80 to 92*)

Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ka Imam Shareef

Hazrat Sayyiduna Imam-e-Rabbani, Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani, Shaykh Ahmad Farooqi Sirhindi Naqshbandi رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ kay mutalliq manqool hay kay imama shareef Aap رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ kay sar-e-mubarak per hota aur Shimla donon kandhon kay darmiyan hota. (*Aidan, pp. 92*)

Meethay meethay Islami Bhaiyon! Ahadees-e-Mubarakah mayn imama shareef bandhnay kay buhut say fazail bayan kiye gaey hayn: chuna-chay

Ba Imama Namaz 10 Hazaar Naykiyon Kay Brabar

Rasool-e-Akram Noor-e-Mujassam ﷺ nay farmaya imamay kay sath namaz 10 hazaar nayki kay brabar hay. (*Al-Firdaus Bima Saur-ul-Khitab, jild 2, pp. 6 Hadees 3805, Fatawa Razawiyyah, jild 6, pp. 213*)

Kiya Imama sirf Ulamah hi bandhayn?

Hazrat Allamah Mufti Waqaruddin Qaadiri Razavi رحمۃ اللہ علیہ ayk suwal kay jawab mayn farmatay hayn: Imama sirf ‘Ulama-o-Mashaiykh he kay liye nahin balkay musalmanon kay liye sunnat hay aur imamay ki fazeelat aur imama bandh ker namaz parhnay ki fazeelat ahadees mayn bayan ki gaie hay is liye her baligh mard kay liye imama bandhna sawab ka kam hay aur achy kam ki aadat daalnay kay liye bachon ko bhi is ki ta’leem deeni chahiye. (*Waqar-ul-Fatawa, jild. 2, pp. 252*)

Aalim aur jahil sab imama bandhayn

Bahr-ul-Uloom Hazrat Allamah Mufti Abdul Mannan A’zami رحمۃ اللہ علیہ ayk suwal (aam musalman ya’ni ghayr-e-Aalim koi imama bandhna sunnat hay ya nahin?) kay jawab mayn irshad farmatay hayn: Her musalman chahay ‘aalim ho ya ghayr-e-Aalim aysay imama bandhna sunnat hay, Imam Bayhaqi رضی اللہ عنہ nay Shu’air-ul-Iman mayn Hazrat Sayyiduna Ubada Bin Samit رضی اللہ عنہ say riwayat ki kay Rasoolullah ﷺ nay farmaya kay: ‘Imama baandhna ikhtiyaar

karo kay ye farishton ka nishan hay aur is (shimlay) ko peeth
kay peechnay latkalo.’ (*Shu'aib-ul-Iman, jild. 5, pp. 167 Hadees 6262*)
'Bahar-e-Shari'at' mayn hay kay imama bandhna sunnat hay
(*Bahar-e-Shari'at, jild. 3, pp. 418*) in ahkaam say ye he zahir hay kay
musalman khuwah aalim ho ya chahay jahil sab ko imama
bandhnay ka hukum hay. (*Fataawa Bahr-ul-Uloom, jild. 5, pp. 411*)

Ittiba-e-Sunnat Ishq-e-Rasool ki 'alamat

Meethay meethay Islami Bhaiyon! Sachay Aashiq-e-Rasool ki
'alamat ye hay kay woh apni zindagi Nabi-e-Rahmat, Shafi'-e-
Ummat ﷺ ki sunnat kay mutabiq guzarnay ki
koshish karta hay, yun Sunnat-e-Nabawi ko aqli taur per
apnanay ki wajah say aashiq-e-sadiq ka dil Ishq-e-Mustafa may
tarapta hay.

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ ka her
amal sunnat-e-Mustafa ki aqli tasweer huwa karta, Aap
apni guftugu, chalnay phirnay aur zindagi kay degar
ma'mulaat sunnat kay mutabiq guzartay, sunnaton ki barakat
say Aap ﷺ ko jo muqaam-o-martaba naseeb huwa us
kay muta'lliq Aap khud irshad farmatay hayn: Nabi-e-Kareem
Rauf-ur-Raheem ﷺ kay kamaal-e-Ittiba' (mukammal payrvi) ki wajah say mujhay aysay muqaam say
sarfaraz kiya gaya jo '**Muqaam-e-Raza**' say bhi buland-o-bala
hay. (*Hazarat-ul-Qudus, daftar daum pp. 77*) Sunnaton kay mutabiq
zindagi guzarna buhut bari sa'adat hay kay is ki barakat say
muqaam-e-mahboobiyat naseeb hota hay jaysa kay Aap

وَمَنْهُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ
khud irshad farmatay hayn: ‘Her woh cheez jis may mahboob kay akhlaaq-o-aadaat paie jayen mahboob kay sath wabastagi aur is kay taabi’ honay ki wajah say woh bhi mahboob aur piyari ho jati hay, is ki taraf say is Aayat mayn isharah farmaya gaya hay:

فَاتَّبِعُونِي يُحِبُّكُمُ اللَّهُ

Tarjuma-e-Kanz-ul-Iman: Tu mayray farmanbardar ho jao Allah tumhayn dost rakhay ga. (*Part. 3, Surah Aal-Imran, Ayah 31*)

Lihazah Allah Ta’ala kay piyaray Nabi ﷺ ki payrvi mayn koshish karna banday ko muqaam-e-mahboobiyat tak lay jata hay, tu her aqalmand per lazim hay kay Allah Ta’ala kay Habeeb ﷺ kay Ittiba’ mayn zaahiran-o-baatinan puri koshish karay.’ (*Maktubaat Imam-e-Rabbani daftar awwal hissa dom maktoob 31 jild 1 pp. 5*)

Tasaanif

Aap وَمَنْهُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ ki tasaanif mayn say Farsi ‘Maktubaat-e-Imam-e-Rabbani’ Ziyadah mash-hor huway. In kay Arabi, Urdu, Turki, aur Angrayzi zabaanon mayn bhi Tarajim bhi shaya’ ho chukay hayn. Aap وَمَنْهُ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ kay 4 rasail kay naam mulahazah hon: (1) Isbaat-un-Nubuwah (2) Risala Tahaliliyyah (3) Ma’arif li-Duniyah (4) Sharah-e-Ruba’ayaat

Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ kay 11 Aqwaal

❖ Halaal-o-Haraam kay mu'amilay mayn hamaysha ba-amal ‘Ulama say ruju’ karna chahiye aur in kay fatawa kay mutabiq amal karna chahiye kiyun kay nijaat ka zari'a Shari'at hay. (*Aidan, Maktoob 163, jild 1, pp. 46*) ❖ Ahkaam-e-Shari'at ki sahib nu'iyat ‘Ulama-e-Aakhirat say ma'loom kijiye in kay kalaam mayn ayk taseer hay, shayad in kay mubarak kalimaat ki barakat say amal ki bhi tufeeq mil jaey. (*Aidan, hissa daum Maktoob 73, jild 1, pp. 59*) ❖ Tamaam kaamon mayn in ba-amal ‘Ulama-e-Kiraam kay fatawa kay mutabiq zindagi basar karni chahiye jin hon nay ‘Azimat’ ka rasta ikhtiyar ker rakha hay aur ‘Rukhsat’ say ijtinaab kartay (ya’ni bachtay) hayn nez is ko nijaat-e-abadi aur ukhravi ka zari'a aur waseela qaraar dayna chahiye. (*Aidan, Maktoob 70, jild 1 pp. 52*) ❖ Najaat-e-Aakhirat tamaam af'aal-o-aqwaal, Usool aur furu' mayn Ahl-e-Sunnat ki payrvi karnay per muqoof hay. (*Aidan, Maktoob 69, jild. 1, safha. 50*) ❖ Sarkar-e-Do Aalam صلی اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ وآلہ وسلم ka saya na tha. (*Aidan, daftar soum, hissa 9 Maktoob 100, jild 2, safha. 75*) ❖ Allah عزوجل apnay khaas ‘ilm-e-ghayb per apnay khaas Rasoolon ko muttala’ (ya’ni ba khabar farmata hay). (*Aidan, daftar awwal, hissa 5, Maktoob 310, jild. 1, safha. 160*) ❖ Huzoor Shah-e-Khayr-ul-Anaam صلی اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ وآلہ وسلم kay tamaam Sahaba-e-Kiraam ko Zikr-e-Khayr (bhalaie) kay sath yaad karna chahiye. (*Aidan, hissa 4, Maktoob 266, jild. 1, safha. 132*) ❖ Sahaba-e-Kiraam علیہم الرضوان mayn sab say afzal Hazrat Sayyiduna Abu Bakr Siddiq رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ hayn phir in kay ba'ad sab say afzal

Sayyiduna Farooq-e-A'zam رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ hayn, in donon baaton per Sahaba-e-Kiraam aur Taaba'een-e-Kiraam عَلَيْهِمُ التَّحْمُونَ ka ijma' hay, Imam-e-A'zam Abu Hanifah-o-Imam Shafi-o-Imam-e-Malik-o-Imam Ahmad Bin Hanbal aur aksar 'Ulama-e-Ahl-e-Sunnat kay nazdeek Hazrat Sayyiduna 'Umar Farooq رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ kay ba'ad tamaam Sahaba-e-Kiraam رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ mayn sab say afzal Sayyiduna 'Usman Ghani رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَنْهُ aur phir in kay ba'ad sab say afzal Sayyiduna Maula Ali كَرَمُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى وَجْهُهُ الْكَبِيرُ hayn. (*Aidan, Maktoob 266, jild. 1, pp. 129-130*) ◆ Majlis-e-Milad Shareef mayn agar achi aawaz kay sath Quran Kareem ki tilawat ki jaey, Naat Shareef aur Sahaba-o-Ahl-e-bayt-o-Awliya-e-Kamileen رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَنْهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ki manqabat parhi jaey to is mayn kiya haraj hay! (*Maktabaat-e-Imam-e-Rabbani, daftar soum, hissa hashtum, maktoob 72 jild 2, pp. 107*) ◆ Huzoor Tajdaar-e-Risalat صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ say Kamal-e-Mahabbat ki alamat ye hay kay aadami Huzoor صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ kay dushmanon say kamil dushmani rakhay. (*Aidan, daftar awwal, hissa saum, maktoob 165, jild. 1, pp. 48*)

Gaana Bajana Zahr-e-Qaatil hay

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ farmatay hayn gaanay bajanay ki khuwahish mat kijiye, na is ki lazzat hi per fida hon kiyun kay ye shahad mila qaatil-e-zahr hay. (*Aidan, daftar awwal, hissa saum, maktoob 165, jild. 1, pp. 48*)

Kaanon mayn pighla huwa seesah dala jaey ga

Meethay meethay Islami Bhaiyon! Gaanay baajay sunna sunana

shaytani af'aal hayn, sa'adat-mand musalman in cheezon kay qareeb bhi nahin phataktay. Gaanay baajon say bachna bay-had zaroori hay kay is ka 'azaab kisi say bhi na saha ja sakay ga. Hazrat Sayyiduna Anas رضي الله تعالى عنه say riwayat hay: Jo shakhs kisi gaanay walay kay pas bayth kar gaana sunta hay qiyamat kay din Allah عزوجل us kay kaanon mayn pighla huwa seesah undelay ga. (*Jam'-ul-Jawami' Lil-Suyuti, jild. 7, safha 254, Hadees 22843*)

Manaqib-e-Ghaus-e-Samdani ba-zaban-e-Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani

Dawat-e-Islami kay isha'ati idaray Maktaba-tul-Madinah ki matbu'a 561 Safhaat per mushtamil kitaab, 'Malfuzaat-e-A'la Hazrat' safha 422 per hay: Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ farmatay hayn jo kuch fuyooz-o-barakaat ka majma' hay woh sab Sarkar-e-Ghausiyat say milay hayn. 'نُورُ الْقَمَرِ مُسْتَقَادٌ مِّنْ نُورِ الشَّمْسِ' ya'ni chand ki roshini Sooraj kay Noor say mustafad hay. (*Maktubaat-e-Imam Rabbani, daftaar saum, hissa 9, maktoob 123, jild 2, pp. 145*)

Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani aur A'la Hazrat (5 milti jhulti sifaat)

Meethay meethay Islami Bhaiyon! A'la Hazrat, Imam-e-Ahl-e-sunnat, Mujaddid-e-Deen-o-Millat' Maulana Shah Imam Ahmad Raza Khan رحمۃ اللہ علیہ ki Mubarak hayaat kay kai ghoshay aysay hayn jin mayn Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-

Saani ﷺ ki seerat ki jhalak nazar aati hay balkay ta'leem-o-tarbiyat, deeni khidmaat hatta kay wisaal kay mahinay mayn bhi yaksaniyat hay. Is ki tafseel kuch yun hay:

1. Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani aur Imam-e-Ahl-e-Sunnat ﷺ donon ka naam Ahmad hay.
2. Donon buzrugon nay apnay apnay walid say 'Ilm-e-Deen hasil kiya.
3. Donon Hazraat ki tamaam 'umar Islam kay khilaaf uthnay walay fitnon ki sarkoobi mayn basar hui.
4. Donon Sahibaan nay kabhi bhi baatil kay samnay sar nahin jhukaya.
5. Donon Awliya-e-Kiraam ka wisaal Safar-ul-Muzaffar mayn huwa.

Maktubaat-e-Imam-e-Rabbani aur A'la Hazrat

A'la Hazrat ﷺ nay apnay ayk maktoob mayn 'Maktubaat-e-Imam-e-Rabbani' say ayk farman naqal kar kay Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ kay farman ko Irshad-e-Hidayat qaraar diya hay chuna-chay Imam-e-Ahl-e-Sunnat ﷺ nay apnay ayk Ahl-e-Mahabbat ko gumrah logon ki suhbat kay nuqsanaat samjhataj huway likhtay hayn: Aap jaysay Sufi safi manish ko Hazrat Sayyiduna Shaykh Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ ka ayk irshad yaad dilata

hon aur ‘ayn hidayat kay imtisaal (hukum baja laanay) ki umeed rakhta hon. Phir Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ کے حمزة اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ کے حمزة اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ kay maktoob ka kalaam Zikr farma kar irshad farmaya ‘Maulana Insaaf! Aap ya Zayd ya aur Arakeen maslahat-e-Deen-o-Mazhab ziyadah jantay hayn ya Hazrat Shaykh Mujaddid? Mujhay hergiz Aap ki khubiyon say umeed nahin kay is irshad-e-hidayat buniyad ko مَعَادُ اللَّهِ عَزَّوَجَلَ laghv-o-baatil janiye, aur jab woh Haq hay aur bayshak Haq hay to kiyun na maniye.’ (*Maktubaat-e-Imam Ahmad Raza, pp. 90*)

Aasaar-e-Wisaal

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ 1033 Hijri mayn Sirhind Shareef aa ker khalwat-e-nasheen (ya’ni sab say alag thalag) ho gaey. Apnay Khaliq-o-Malik عزوجل say mulaqaat ki lagan nay makhlooq say bay niyaaz ker diya. Is khalwat-e-khaas (ya’ni khusoosi tanhaie) mayn sirf chand afraad ko hujray (ya’ni kamray) mayn aanay ki ijazat thi jin mayn sahibzadgan Khuwajah Muhammad Sa’eed aur Khuwajah Muhammad Ma’soom رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہما Khulafa-e-Kiraam mayn say Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Hashim Kishmi, Hazrat Khuwajah Badaruddin رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ aur do ayk khadim. Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Hashim رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ wisaal (ya’ni intiqal) say qabl hi Dakkan tashreef lay gaey thay. Hazrat Khuwajah Badaruddin رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ aakhiri waqt tak hazir rahay jab Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Hashim رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ rukhsat honay lagay to Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani

نَعْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ nay farmaya: ‘Du’ā karta hon kay aakhirat mayn hum ayk jagah jama’ hon.’ (*Zubadat-ul-muqamat*, pp. 280-282)

Wisaal Mubarak

28 Safar-ul-Muzaffar 1624/ 1034 Hijri ko Jan-e-Aziz apnay Khaliq-e-Haqeeqi عَوْجَلٌ kay supurd ker di. **إِنَّا بِلِهٖ وَإِنَّا إِلَيْهِ رَجُعُونَ**

(*Hazaraat-ul-Qudus, Daftari Daum, safha. 208*)

Namaz-e-Janazah-o-Tadfeen

Aap **نَعْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ** ki Namaz-e-Janazah Aap kay shahzaday Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Sa’eed **نَعْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ** nay parhaie. Is kay bad Shahzadah-e-Marhoom Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Sadiq **نَعْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ** kay pehlu mayn dafan kar diya gaya. Ye woh hi muqaam tha jahan Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani **نَعْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ** nay apni zindagi mayn ayk Noor daykha tha aur wasiyat farmaie thi: ‘Mayri Qabr mayray baytay ki Qabr kay samnay banana kay mayn wahan jannat ki kiyariyon mayn say ayk kiyari daykh raha hon.’ Is qubbey (ya’ni Gumbad) mayn pehly Shahzadah-e-Marhoom Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Sadiq **نَعْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ** 1025 Hijri ki tadfeen hui aur is kay ba’ad Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani **نَعْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ** ko in kay pehlu mayn dafan kiya gaya. Ab is Rauza-e-Shareef ko dubarah ta’mir kiya gaya hay.

(*Zubadat-ul-Mukamaat*, pp. 294, 296, 305)

Aulaad kay mubarak naam

Aap ﷺ kay 7 shahzaday aur 3 shahzadiyan theen jin ki tafseel ye hay: **Shahzadgan:**

1. Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Sadiq ﷺ.
2. Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Sa'eed ﷺ.
3. Hazrat Khuwajah Ma'soom ﷺ.
4. Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Farrukh ﷺ.
5. Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Isa ﷺ.
6. Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Ashraf ﷺ.
7. Hazrat Khuwajah Muhammad Yahya ﷺ.

Shahzadiyan:

1. Bibi Rukayya Bano ﷺ.
2. Bibi Khadijah Bano ﷺ.
3. Bibi Umm-e-Kulsoom ﷺ. (*Zubadat ul Muqamat*)

Khulafa-e-Kiraam

Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani ﷺ kay chand Khulafa-e-Kiraam kay naam ye hayn:

1. Sahabzada Khuwajah Muhammad Sadiq

2. Sahabzadah Khuwajah Muhammad Sa'eed
3. Sahabzadah Khuwajah Muhammad Ma'soom
4. Hazrat Meer Muhammad No'man Burhan puri
5. Shaykh Muhammad Tahir Lahori
6. Shaykh Kareemuddin Baba Hassan Abdali
7. Khuwajah Muhammad Adam Bannori
8. Shaykh Noor Muhammad Patni
9. Shaykh Badi'uddin
10. Shaykh Tahir Badakhshi
11. Shaykh Yar Muhammad Qadeem Taaliquani
12. Hazrat Abdul-ul-Haadi Badayuni
13. Khuwajah Muhammad Hashim Kishmi
14. Shaykh Badaruddin Sirhindi رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ. (*Hazaraat-ul-Qudus*)

Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani aur Khulafa-e-A'la Hazrat

A'la Hazrat رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ kay ayk Khalifah Imam-ul-Muhaddisin Hazrat Sayyiduna Muhammad Deedaar Ali Shah Al-Wari bhi Naqshbandi Mujaddidi hayn. A'la Hazrat kay Khulafa ko bhi Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رحمۃ اللہ تعالیٰ علیہ say bay panah aqeedat-o-mahabbat thi, Sayyidi

Qutub-e-Madinah Hazrat Qiblah Zia-u-din Ahmad Madani رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ نَay ayk martaba donon sar per donon hath rakh kar irshad farmaya: ‘Hazrat Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ to hamaray sar kay taaj hayn.’ (*Sayyidi Zia-ud-din Ahmad-ul-Qaadiri, jild 1, safha. 509*) Khalifah-e-A’la Hazrat Sayyiduna Abul Barakat Sayyid Ahmad Qaadiri رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ nay Hazrat Sayyiduna Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ kay ‘40 irshadaat’ jama farmaey hayn.

Ya Rabb-e-Mustafa! Hamayn apnay wali-e-Bar Haq Hazrat Sayyiduna Imam-e-Rabbani Mujaddid-e-Alf-e-Saani رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ kay sadqay bay hisaab maghfirat say Musharraf farma kar Jannat-ul-Firdaus mayn apnay piyaray Habeeb حَلَّ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَبِرَوْسَلَمَ ka paraus naseeb farma.

أَمِينٌ بِجَاهِ النَّبِيِّ الْأَمِينِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ

صَلُّوا عَلَى الْحَبِيبِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ

Kamiyaabi ka Nuskha!!

Irshad-e-Imam Ahmad Raza Khan

: **فَلَحٌ الْمُكَفَّلٌ عَلَيْهِ** Falah-e-Zahir ye hay kay Dil-o-Badan donon per jitnay Ahkaam-e-Ilahiyyah (ya'ni Allah عَزَّوَجَلَّ kay ahkaam hayn) (woh) sab baja laey, na kisi kabeerah (ya'ni baray gunah) ka irtikaab karay, na kisi sagheerah (ya'ni chhotay gunah) per mussir (ya'ni arra rahay). Nafs kay Khasaail-e-Zameemah (ya'ni buri khaslatayn masalan bukhl aur hasad waghayrah) agar dafa' (ya'ni door) na hon tu mu'attal rahayn, in per kaar-band (ya'ni 'amal-payra) na ho masalan dil mayn bukhl hay tu nafs per jabr (ya'ni zor) kar kay hath kushada rakhay tu mahsood (ya'ni jis say hasad hay) is ki buriae na chahay.

(Fatawa-e-Razawiyyah, jild. 16, safha. 50)



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