Ruling on Eating Foods Cooked with Cockroaches and Insects Darulifta Ahlesunnat (Dawateislami)

Question

What do the noble scholars and jurists of Islamic law say about the following: Is it permissible to eat the food in which insects such as cockroaches, or the insects that live in rice, have been cooked? Additionally, because of their large number, some insects fall into the oil and Ghee despite caution. Is it permissible to use that oil or ghee after removing the insects?

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْليِ الرَّحِيْمِ

ٱلْجَوَابُ بِعَوْنِ الْمَلِكِ الْوَهَّابِ ٱللَّهُمَّ هِدَايَةَ الْحَقِّ وَالصَّوَابِ

According to the explicit verdicts of the jurists, if the bloodless animals fall into water or even die, the water will remain pure. Therefore, if the insects fall into the ghee or oil, they will remain pure, and they can be used for cooking.

It should be kept in mind, that though these 'Hasharat Al-Ard' (insects) are pure, consuming them is Haram. Therefore, if it gets cooked with the food and removing it is easily possible, the food can be consumed after removing it. If the insect has gotten mixed in the food and separating it isn't possible, it isn't permissible to eat the food as eating Hasharat (insects) is Haram. Such oil can be used externally, such as on the head or the body.

If bloodless animals fall into the water, the water will not become impure. It is stated in *Fatawa Alamgiri, Al-Badai' Al-Sanai'*, etc. (the words of *Al-Alamgiri*):

موت ماليس له نفس سائلة في الماء لاينجسه كالبق والذباب والزنابير والعقارب ونحوها

(Al-Fatawa Al-Alamgiri, Book of Purification, Vol. 1, p. 24, Publ. Beirut)

My Master, A'la Hazrat عليه الرحبة states as an answer to a question:

اگر جانور میں دَم سائل نہ تھا، جیسے مینڈک، بچچو، مکھی، بھڑوغیر ہ توپاک ہے اور اگر دَم سائل تھا تونا پاک ہے، کُل پانی نکالیں۔ Translation: If the animal doesn't have flowing blood, such as a frog, scorpion, fly, etc. it (the well) will be pure. If it has flowing blood, it will be impure. All the water must be removed.

(Fatawa Razawiyyah, Vol. 3, p. 288, Publ. Raza Foundation, Lahore) It is mentioned in *Bahar-e-Shari'at*:

جن جانوروں میں بہتا ہواخون نہیں ہو تاجیسے مچھر ، مکھی وغیر ہ، ان کے مرنے سے یانی نجس نہ ہو گا۔ مکھی سالن وغیرہ میں گر جائے، تواسے غوطہ دے کر چینک دیں اور سالن کو کام میں لائیں۔

Translation: If the animals that don't have flowing blood, such as mosquitoes, flies, etc. die therein, they will not cause the water to become impure. If a fly falls in gravy, after dipping it in the gravy throw it out and eat the gravy.

(Bahar-e-Shari'at, Vol. 1, p. 388, Publ. Maktaba-tul-Madinah, Karachi) Though the Hasharat (insects) are pure, it is impermissible to eat them, as stated in *Al-Ikhtiyar Li-Ta'lil Al-Mukhtar*:

وكل ماليس له دم سائل حرام إلا الجراد، مثل الذباب والزنابير والعقارب

(Al-Ikhtiyar Li-Ta'lil Al-Mukhtar, Book of Sacrifice, Chapter: What is Halal...?, Vol. 5, p. 14, Publ. Cairo)

It is narrated in *Fatawa Shami*:

في التتارخانية:دودلحم وقع في مرقة لاينجس ولاتؤكل المرقة إن تفسيخ الدودفيها اهـ أي: لأنه ميتة وإن كان طاهرا. قلت: وبه يعلم حكم الدودفي الفواكه والثمار

(Radd Al-Muhtar Ma' Al-Durr Al-Mukhtar, Book of Purification, Vol. 1, p. 620, Publ. Quetta)

It is stated in *Durr Al-Mukhtar*:

فلوتفتت فيهنحو ضفدع جاز الوضوء به لاشربه لحرمة لحمه

(Al-Durr Al-Mukhtar Ma'a Radd Al-Muhtar, Book of Purification, Vol. 1, p. 367, Publ. Quetta)

Under the text 'لحرمة لحمه' it is stated in Fatawa Shami:

لأنهقدصارت أجزاؤه في الماءفيكره الشرب تحريما كمافي البحر

(Al-Durr Al-Mukhtar Ma'a Radd Al-Muhtar, Book of Purification, Vol. 1, p. 367, Publ. Quetta)

It is stated in *Bahar-e-Shari'at*:

پانی کاجانور یعنی وہ جوپانی میں پیداہو تاہے، اگر کوئیں میں مرجائے یامر اہو اگر جائے، تونا پاک نہ ہو گا۔ اگر چہ پھولا پھٹا ہو، مگر **پھٹ کر اس کے اجزابانی میں مل گئے، تو اس کا پینا حرام ہے۔**

Translation: If an aquatic animal, i.e. the animal that is born in water, dies in a well or falls into a well after dying, even if it bursts, it (the well) will not become impure. However, if it bursts and its parts get mixed in the water, it will be Haram to drink.

(Bahar-e-Shari'at, Vol. 1, p. 338, Publ. Maktaba-tul-Madinah, Karachi)

Translation: The Hasharat Al-Ard (insects) are Haram, such as rats, lizards, chameleons, bandicoots, snakes, scorpions, lice, mosquitos, fleas, bedbugs, flies, insects, frogs, etc. (Bahar-e-Shari'at, Vol. 3, p. 324, Publ. Maktaba-tul-Madinah, Karachi)

<u>ۅؘ</u>ٳڵڷؖؖ؋ٵۘڠڵؠؗۼڗۧۮؚجؘڷٙۅؘڒڛۅٛڵٛڡٵڠڵؠڝؘڸٞٳڛ۠ڎؾؘٵڸٵؘؽڹؚۅؘٳڸ؋ۅؘڛؘڷٞؠ

صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَالِمِ وَسَلَّم Allah Almighty knows best and His Messenger (

knows best.)

Answered By: Mufti Muhammad Ali Asghar Attari Madani **Ref No:** Nor-12970 Date: 8th Safar Al-Muzaffar 1445 AH/ 26th August 2023

